THE MORNING STAR.

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper In North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVI.—NO. 34. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY, MAY 5, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,739

THE MORNING STAR, THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mid-Spring Sale.

The approaching warm weather has increased the demand for lighter fabrics.

We have just received an immense line of the latest novelties in Cotton Weaves. We have all the weights from the heavy Percales to the gauze-like Organdies, and they are going with a rush. The cream of the stock is still on our counters, but another day will find them in the hands of the consumer.

The first thing the consumer requires at the hands of the merchant is honesty, and we give you the best value for your money.

Cotton Specialties.

New line Dimities in Green, Red and yellow, 15c. yard.

The very best quality Lawn in black and white, blue & pink 18c. yd.

Plisse Batiste in pink, blue and shrimp pink, a soft, clinging fabric, at 20 cents a yard.

Those fancy Swiss are the most beautiful creations of the season, and only 35c a yard.

Fancy Basquette cloth weaves are much admired; 35c will buy them.

White Corded Novelties. Some have a beautiful stripe of redor gold, 25c, 20c and 35c a yard.

The most exquisite line of Domestic and foreign woven Organdies are displayed this week. They are very tempting at 25c and 35c a yard.

We have the prettiest line of Ginghams ever brought to the city. The producers of Ginghams have abandoned the old designs, which have become tiring to the consumer, and are giving us designs which are sure to please the ladies. Domestic Ginghams at 10 and 12½c yard; Imported Ginghams at 25 cents a yard.

You know that dotted Swiss will be worn more this season than ever. We have 25, maybe 35 samples to select from. Two weeks more and one third of that number will not be found upon our counters. If you care to choose, we will not advise you to wait. 25c, 30c, 35c and 40c a yard.

All wool Challies sell everywhere at 20c per yard. We are offering them at 12c. They cost us more, but they must and will go.

Don't forget those patent tipped Kayser Silk Gloves, the kind that don't wear out, black and tan, 75c pr.

Chemisettes in white and colors.

Shirt waist silks in endless variety.

Full Line Wollen Goods
Always in stock, black and colors.

Mattings!

We have the largest line of Mattings and Carpets in the State. We buy in large quanties, and secure the best at the lowest prices.

China and Japanese Mattings,
10, 12½, 15 and 20c yard.

Cotton Warp Mattings,
25, 35 and 40c yard.

Japanese Inlaid Matting,
25c a yard.

500 Parasols
AND
Gents' Umbrellas
Just received.

Richard Hudnut's Toilet Requisites.

Laces and Embroideries
Every conceivable design,
All the widths,
Every price.

Guaranteed as Advertised.

A. D. BROWN,
Successor to BROWN & RODDICK
No. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.
may 5 tf

False Economy.

For any woman to buy a heavy Machine.

Wheeler & Wilson
Sewing Machine

Can be run with No. 120 Cotton in place of the regular band.

Does this not show what a light running machine it is?

SPECIAL RATES on the new improved

Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine

This week. 40 per cent. Saved.
This offer is limited.

Katz & Polvogt,
Sole agents Wheeler A Wilson Sewing Machine.
may 5 tf

Wrapping Paper. If you wish to buy old newspapers, suitable for wrapping paper, or placing under carpets, almost at your own price, call at the STAR Office. Sept 23 tf

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
28	29	30	1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	1

OUTLINES.

Chicago grain and provision market. —— Cotton spots and futures. —— Baseball games played yesterday. —— Weekly statement of associated banks. ——A murderer in Minnesota sentenced to life imprisonment. ——Fighting in Madagascar. —— Cleveland criticised by an Illinois Democratic convention for not carrying out promises on which he was made President. ——Washington News—Nicaragua Canal Commission—Gun-boats to be built; three torpedo boats contracted for. —— The Washington arch dedicated in New York city; imposing ceremonies. —— Coal Fields Troubles—Militia on their way to the disturbed districts in West Virginia; Federal Court issues an injunction against strikes; all quiet last night. —— Japan's reply to the protest of the Russian Government. —— Southern Railway affairs. —— A big legal fight over the South Carolina dispensary case—Argument concluded in the registration case. —— A partner runs off with a large sum of the firms money. ——Dr. Buchanan to be electrocuted Wednesday. —— Violent wind-storm in Illinois—Five persons killed and many injured. —— The agreement between Great Britain and Nicaragua. ——Annual meeting of the National Geographic Society at Fredericksburg, Virginia. —— Another cargo of negroes to go to Liberia from Savannah. —— Train wreckers arrested. —— Ohio miners unable to come to an agreement with the operators. —— Income tax returns from Virginia towns. ——Russia and Japan—War will result if Japan does not modify the terms of the treaty. —— New York markets: Money on call 1½ per cent., last loan at 1½ per cent., and closing offered at 1½ cent. cotton easy; middling gulf 7 1-16 cents; middling uplands 6 13-16 cents; Southern flour quiet and firm; common to fair extra $2.25@3.10; good to choice do. $3.20@3.70; wheat dull, and lower with options, closing firm; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 68@68¾ cents; afloat 69½@69¾ cents; corn fairly active and firmer; No. 2 at elevator 57¾ cents asked; afloat 58¾ cents asked; spirits turpentine dull but steady at 30@30½c; rosin quiet and steady, strained common to good $1.52½@1.55.

They are talking of abolishing bull-fighting in Mexico. Perhaps some of these days they will abolish foot-ball in this country.

Duluth has got mad at the Minnesota Legislature about something, and now proposes to make a new State by hitching on about fifteen counties to some Wisconsin and Michigan counties, Duluth to be the capital.

A street-sweeper in Gotham must be a man of weight in the community. Col. Waring, the boss street-cleaner, informed one the other day that if he "didn't fatten up in due time" his appointment would be revoked."

The New York *Sun* isn't satisfied with the recent police census which puts the population of that town at 1,849,866. It thinks the enumerators overlooked about 150,000 people, who do not show up. Maybe they hadn't got in from Jersey when the policeman with his pad called.

The La Crosse, Wisconsin, *Republican* and *Leader* chides the people there for giving the Mississippi river the go by in their celebrations, and never celebrating on water. The denizens of that town probably regard water rather too thin a thing to celebrate on when beer and corn-juice are handy.

The Savannah *Press* is off its base in accusing the STAR of "throwing cold water" on Governor Northen's colonization scheme. The STAR is not in that business but, on the contrary, has always advocated and encouraged immigration from the West. The *Press* has probably got the STAR mixed up with some other paper.

In the brief stay that the sire of the Frenchman who married Anna Gould made in this country, he learned all about it, and has been writing it up since he got back home. He says that besides the dollar the American has no other God. His son seems to have worshipped at that shrine, too, and did it successfully enough to get away with a pretty snug pile of dollars and rather a nice girl, too.

Portner's the Best—Drink Portner's Grape Soda, Ginger Ale, &c. Delicious, pure and healthy. †

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

T. H. WRIGHT—Bicycles.
TAYLOR'S BAZAR—Economy.
W. B. COOPER—New hoop iron.
C. C. R. R.—Schedule change.
A. D. BROWN—Mid-Spring sale.
S. H. FISHBLATE—Spring goods.
J. HICKS BUNTING—Open all day.
KATZ & POLVOGT—Make us a visit.
KATZ & POLVOGT—False economy.
J. H. REHDER & CO.—Seasonable goods
RACKET STORE—Merchants up to date
H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS—You can bet
MASONIC—Meeting Concord Chapter.
S. H. FISHBLATE—Modern methods.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

P. H. HAYDEN—Buggies, harness.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Local forecast: Fair Sunday, slightly warmer.

— Bunting's pharmacy will be open all day to-day.

— Receipts of cotton here yesterday 7 bales; same day last year 1 bale.

— The STAR prints more reading matter than any other daily newspaper in North Carolina.

— The *Argus* says a German carp was caught in Neuse river, Thursday, that weighed 24 lbs.

There was 35.8 feet water in the river at Fayetteville Friday at 8 a. m.; a fall of 10.8 feet in 48 hours.

— No services at St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran church, as the pastor is away attending Synod.

— If you are not a subscriber now, send 50 cents for the STAR one month. If you don't like it you can say so at the end of the month.

— Mr. W. H. Cain, who was badly injured Friday while building a scow at Kidder's mill dock, was reported as improving last night.

— Col. Frederick Bonaparte Rice has resigned the position of State Senator, preparing to "sit at the receipt of custom" in the City Hall.

— Messrs. Alex Sprunt & Son cleared yesterday the British barque *Sidonian* for Liverpool, with 838 barrels rosin and 3,580 barrels tar, valued at $6,627.

— The C. F. & Y. V. R. R. will sell round trip tickets to Greensboro for the Episcopal Convention Diocese of North Carolina, May 15th. Rate from Wilmington, $18.15.

— The announcement that the Fish Commission will distribute 700,000,000 fish this year is received with delight by the piscatorial prevaricators who will juggle with their figures much more recklessly hereafter.

— At the last regular meeting of the Hibernian Benevolent Society, the members were entertained by an address by Mr. John Dyer, the Honorary President. This address is printed in full on the third page of the STAR to-day.

— In reply to an inquiry from Wilson, the STAR replies that it thinks a letter addressed to the New York Philatelic Society, New York city, asking information about the value of Confederate stamps, would receive attention.

— A change of schedule on the Carolina Central railroad will go into effect to-day. Train No. 35, (daily except Sunday), will leave Wilmington at 7.45, instead of 7.20 p. m., and train No. 38 will leave Charlotte at 5.20 instead of 5.50 a. m.

— There are rumors of two new business enterprises in Wilmington for next Fall. One, which is somewhat vague, refers to a book and stationary house; while the other, which has more substance, points to a large millinery establishment.

—An entertainment for the benefit of the "United Charities" (colored) will be given at the City Hall Monday night, May 13th. As all the proceeds will be devoted to the relief of the poor of the colored people, it is hoped the entertainment will be generously patronized.

— Rev. R. E. Peele has issued a little *brochure* entitled "The Nature of Christianity from the Standpoint of a Baptist." It contains but 16 pages, and shows remarkable powers of condensation. To cover the cost of publication copies have been placed on sale, at 10 cents each, at the bookstores.

— The Robert Portner Brewing Company, under the energetic management of Mr. Otto Ranck, in this city, have added to their list of employes Mr. H. Coleman, who comes direct from Belfast, and Mr. Z. Vance Croom. The facilities for serving his customers have been improved and increased by Mr. Banck as the representative of the Company.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Services in St John's Church to-day, by the rector, Rev Dr Carmichael, at 11 a m and 5 p m. Sunday school at 4 p m.

St Paul's Church, Fourth and Orange streets, Rev F N Skinner, rector, (3rd Sunday after Easter): Services at 11 a m and 8 p m; Holy Communion at morning service. Sunday school at 4 p m. Service Wednesday at 6 p m, and Friday at 9.30 a m. All seats free.

COLORED CHURCHES.

Rev M G Christmas, of Richmond, Va., (brother to Rev L T Christmas) will come to Wilmington on the 11th inst and preach at the Central Baptist Church on next Sabbath.

Services at Chesnut Street Presbyterian Church: Subject of morning discourse, "The Mystery of Divine Love." Sunday school at 3 p m; Christian Endeavor at 6 p m; preaching at night—subject, "Our Low Origin, Our High Destiny." All are cordially invited to attend. Rev J A Bonner, pastor.

At the Central Baptist Church, cor Seventh and Red-Cross streets. Rev R T Christmas, pastor will occupy his pulpit to day as follows: Preaching at 10:30 a m 8 p m and 8 p m. Sunday School at 12m. Also there will be services at the church every night this week conducted as a "week of prayer." Visitors, friends and strangers welcome.

Portner's the Best—Drink Portner's Grape Soda, Ginger Ale, &c. Delicious, pure and healthy. †

THE TRAP SHOOT.

TRAP SHOOTING TOURNAMENT OF THE EASTERN DOG AND GAME PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION.

The Great Contest to Take Place Thursday and Friday—Will Be Governed by Rules of the Inter-State Association—Ten Events Each Day—Four Divisions of Every Purse.

The members of the Eastern Dog and Game Protective Association are looking forward with much pleasure to the trap shoot to take place at the club grounds next Thursday and Friday, and are making preparations to secure a good attendance and a season of keen enjoyment to ardent sportsmen.

The sport is to consist of

TEN EVENTS EACH DAY,

and the conditions of each event will be 15 targets, $1.50 entrance, with $5.00 to be added to the purse. This will probably insure an average purse of $25.00 to be shot for. The money will in each case be divided in the proportion of 40 per cent., 30 per cent., 20 per cent., and 10 per cent. The tournament will be governed by the rules of the Inter-State Association which are as follows:

DROPPING FOR PLACE.

Any shooter who intentionally misses a target in order to obtain a certain place, shall forfeit all his interest in the purse, and will be debarred from taking part in any tournament given under the auspices of The Interstate Association.

CLASSIFICATION.

Shooters will be classified from the records they have made at their home clubs, or from the best information obtainable, into two classes—Expert and Amateur.

That class of shooters whose usual averages rank them as Experts, will constitute the Expert class.

THE HANDICAP.

Shooters who are classified as Experts must at *all times* shoot in accordance with the Expert Rule—which is targets from five unknown traps, known angles, rapid firing system.

Shooters who are classified as Amateurs must shoot at targets from known trap-unknown angles. Any shooter in the Amateur class who wins or divides first money, must shoot in the next event which he enters, in the expert class; if in this event he fails to win or divide any part of the purse, he will fall back to known trap-unknown angles in the next event he shoots in, and so continue to be graded.

Shooters classified as Experts do not receive the benefit of the sliding scale.

DIVISION OF MONEYS.

All purses at this tournament will be divided 40 per cent., 30 per cent., 20 per cent. and 10 per cent. All ties divide.

BATTLE OF THE BALLS.

How the Fight is Progressing in the National League—Pittsburg Still in the Lead.

The following is the standing of the clubs of the National League (including games played Friday); the first figures representing the number of games won, and the second figures the number of games lost in each case:

Pittsburg, 8 and 3; Cleveland, 7 and 4; Brooklyn, 5 and 3; Boston, 5 and 3; New York, 5 and 4; Cincinnati, 6 and 5; Baltimore, 4 and 4; Chicago, 4 and 6; Louisville, 4 and 5; Washington, 3 and 5; Philadelphia, 3 and 6; St. Louis, 3 and 8.

The percentages are as follows:

Pittsburg, 727; Cleveland, 636; Brooklyn, 625; New York, 556; Boston, 625; Cincinnati, 545; Baltimore, 500; Chicago, 400; Louisville, 400, Washington, 375; Philadelphia, 333; St. Louis, 273.

The scores of the games which were playbd yesterday will be found in the telegraphic department of the STAR this morning and should be added to the foregoing summary.

Pittsburg still heads the column, though she will probably drop behind when she tackles the Eastern clubs this week. Cleveland has advanced within the week from eleventh to second place. Philadelphia which is weak in battery work brings up the rear, with St. Louis a close second for this honor.

Kids Play Ball.

There was a very interesting game of base ball yesterday between the North Carolina Professionals and the Young Amateurs. The score was 23 to 4 in favor of the North Carolina Professionals. The battery for the North Carolina Professionals was Edmund McLaurin, catch; Horrace Emerson, pitch; Willie Peschau, first base. The battery for the Young Amateurs was Clarence Myers, catch; Tom King, pitch; Lewis Moore, first base. The captain of the North Carolina Professionals was Murr Holland, for the Young Amateurs Utley King.

The "Irishmen" and the "Hemenways" played a game. Score: 19 to 31 in favor of the Hemenways.

CITY MARKETS.

Vegetables in Good Supply—Spring Chickens Scarce—Eggs Abundant—Fish Plentiful and Cheap—Fresh Meats Sufficient to Meet All Demands.

The truckers are sending their early vegetables to market in sufficient quantity to meet the demand and prices are not at all unreasonable. There were cart loads of all kinds of truck in season on sale yesterday; onions at 5c. per bunch; green peas, 25c. per peck; turnips, 2 bunches for 5 cents; radishes, 2 bunches for 5 cents; beets, 5 cents per bunch; asparagus 15 to 20 cents per bunch; collards, 5 cents per head; lettuce, 5 cents for two heads; snap beans, 15 cents per quart; strawberries, 15 cents per quart.

Beef, pork, veal and mutton were in good supply at the usual prices.

Spring chickens were scarce and in demand at 20 to 25 cents apiece. Grown fowls sold at 30 to 35 cts. each, and were by no means abundant. Eggs retailed at 10 to 12½ cents per dozen.

In the fish market shrimps sold at 15 cents per quart; sound oysters and clams 15 cents per quart; mullets, pig fish, and flounders 15 cents per string; Sturgeon, 5 cents per pound; stone crabs, 10 cents per dozen. fresh water perch 35 cents per string.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. Jno. W. Cotton, of Florence, S. C., is here on a visit to friends.

— Mr. R. P. Hamer, Jr., of Hamer, S. C., was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. D. Davis Hankins left last evening for Mt. Olive to visit friends and relatives.

— Mr. T. B. Singletary who has been working down the river for the past few weeks is here on a visit to his family.

— Mr. Joseph B. Harris, of Northumberland, England, is in the city visiting his brother-in-law, Mr. Jas. D. Hume.

— Miss Daisy Pugh, who has been visiting Mrs. W. L. Jacobs, returned to New York, her home, yesterday. Miss Gertrude Jacobs and Misses Gussie and Hattie Jacobs accompanied her.

— Messrs. Petermann, Swann and Costello, of the Palmetto Gun Club, Charleston, and well known to Wilmington sportsmen, will take part in the Dupont tournament, at Cincinnati, May 7th to 10th.

— Messrs. F. M. McKay, Lillington; W. H. Williams, North Carolina; J. L. Anders, Ivanhoe; R. W. Gilliam, Columbia; S. H. Wilds, Darlington; E. A. Ray, Florence; J. H. Lewis, Hamlet; W. B. Goodwyn, Newbern; S. F. Craig, Southport, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. D. Bell, who was for several years travelling salesman for Messrs. Geo. R. French & Sons, has accepted a position with a large shoe manufacturing company, Messrs. Stephen Putney & Co., of Richmond, Va. Mr. Bell is a well known and clever gentleman and his many friends here will be glad to learn that he is on the road again.

BASE BALL.

Game at Hilton Park—Tourists vs. Wilmington—Won by the Latter by a Score of Ten to Eleven.

An interesting game of base ball was played yesterday afternoon by the Commercial Tourists and the Wilmington Base Ball team at Hilton Park, for the benefit of the Shelter of the Silver Cross and the Catharine Kennedy Home.

The travelling men, who are visiting here, played good ball and elicited much applause from the lage crowd present. The following were the players for the Commercial Tourist team: Allen, catch; Morton, pitch; Furlong, 1st base; Kirby, 2nd base; George Robinson, 3rd base; Evans, left field; Daniel, centre field; Daniel, right field.

Wilmingtons—Dahlgreen, catch; Wise, pitch; Robertson, 1st base; Graham, 2nd base; Delno, 3rd base; Bray, short stop; Oldham, left field; Roberts, centre field, Springer, right field.

Morton and Wise both pitched an excellent game; Allen and Dahlgreen's catching was a special feature; Delno and Robertson's heavy batting elicited much applause; Bray, Graham, Daniels, Evans and Kirby did some very fine fielding. The visiting team held the score down until the 8th inning, when it stood 10 to 3 in favor of the visitors, but on the last of the 8th inning the Wilmington boys did some superb coaching and heavy batting, making eight runs, which won the game.

The score by innings was as follows:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Tot'l
Tourists	0	0	2	1	8	1	0	0	0	10
Wilmington	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	8	0	11

DISPENSARY AND REST

Established in Connection With the Catharine Kennedy Home.

WILMINGTON, N. C., May 4th, 1895.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Ladies' Benevolent Society of Wilmington, N. C., held May 1st, 1895, it was determined to establish in connection with the Catharine Kennedy Home, a free dispensary and rest for the treatment of the diseases of women. Dr. D. W. Bulluck was elected to take charge of the work, conducting the medical department of the dispensary and rest, as in his judgment may appear best; from time to time, when deemed necessary, calling to his counsel and assistance other physicians of this city.

The rooms of the dispensary and rest will be under the constant supervision of a visiting committee of lady members of the Benevolent Society, who will, at stated intervals, report to the Board of Managers.

The work of the dispensary and rest will formally begin May 15th, 1895, at which time the physician in charge will appoint the hours and days that he can be seen at the Home.

While attention will be withheld from no worthy woman who may apply, the Board of Directors wish it understood that this charity is not undertaken in behalf of the hopelessly incurable, or the professional pauper, or the immoral—the county provides for these—but with a hope of lending a helping hand to the working women and mothers who are overburdened with pain and domestic care, and whose never-ending round of work, want of means and suitable environments have hitherto precluded the possibility of their being properly treated.

This dispensary and rest will be known as the Catharine Kennedy Dispensary and Rest.

For further particulars, apply to Mrs. Roger Moore, president, Dr. D. W. Bullock, or Mrs. Matilda Northrop, matron of the Catharine Kennedy Home, corner of Princess and Ninth streets, city.

[Signed] MRS. ROGER MOORE, Prest.
MRS. H. C. DANIELS, Sec't'y

A University at Home.

The Encyclopædia Britannica proposition of the Charlotte *Observer* by which possessors of that work become members of the Home University League, is attracting much favorable attention in Wilmington.

The idea of a university at home is not a new one, but the successful consummation of such a proposition could never have been realized except on a basis such as the Enbyclopædia Britannica, which stands in a class by itself as an inference library in compact form. It is truly the only work of which it can be stated that if he has it and no other book, he yet has a complete library. †

RALEIGH NEWS BUDGET.

THE CITY ELECTION TAKES PLACE MONDAY.

It Will Probably be Carried by the Democrats—Preparations for Entertaining Visitors at the Monument Unveiling—The Mills Hanging—Compromise in the Case of Cram vs. Cram—Judge Starbuck's Decision in the Assignment Act Cases.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., May 4.

The Governor has appointed Mr. A. G. Hankins, of Wilmington, one of a number of delegates to the National Conference of Charities and Corrections, to be held in New Haven, May 24 to 30. Senator Fred. Rice, of New Hanover, forwarded his resignation to the Governor yesterday.

The matter of entertaining visitors on the 20th is confronting the Committee on Entertainment. The Atlantic Coast Line has given the rate of a cent per mile, and there is nothing to prevent a phenomenal attendance. Raleigh will be able to accommodate all comers.

The Republicans had a mass meeting last evening in Metropolitan Hall. It was a kind of rally meeting. The usual amount of speaking was indulged in. To-day is the last day of registration. Unless the colored people turn out and run up their number several hundred, Democrats will walk in Monday next. There has been no public speaking among Democrats during the campaign.

All the prisoners in the jail witnessed the hanging of Mills from a side window except one negro woman. Mills showed a remarkable amount of nerve while on the gallows. There are mutterings of lynching Wimberly all over the section of the country in which he lives. It was feared that there would be some trouble last night. Sheriff Page heard some talk of lynching at Morrisville yesterday. Mills was buried in a mile of Wimberly's, and near the scene of murder.

Hereafter the employes of the Seaboard Air Line shops will quit work at 19 o'clock noon on Saturdays.

Mr. Stewart, the Public Printer, came in this morning. He says he employs 43 printers in his Winston establishment.

The commencement at Shaw University begins the 12th and ends the 16th. Prof. E. P. Moses will deliver the annual address.

The sensational case of Cram vs. Cram, which was expected to hold the boards in Court to-day is about off, a compromise having been effected. Mr. Cram received affidavits yesterday from the North to the effect that Mrs. Cram, who claims to have been his first wife, kept houses of ill repute. It would seem that the compromise was effected on account of this. Mrs. Cram is stopping at one of the leading hotels.

The case of L. R. W. Yatt, which will test the act regulating assignments, will come up at 4 p. m. This is the last day of Court, and Judge Starbuck says he will decide the case if it takes until midnight.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, May 4.—Judge Starbuck decided in the case of Carr vs. the Secretary of State, where the plaintiff asked that the defendant be restrained from printing the Assignment act, that he could not go back on the ratification of the bill, though the bill did not pass. The same decision was rendered in the case of Wyatt, who claimed the act did not pass and that he had the right to make preferences.

Registration closed at 9 p. m. Total whites, 1,548; colored, 1,008. Democrats are confident of carrying the election by a small majority.

Julia Jackson Christian of Charlotte, the six-year old grand-daughter of Stonewall Jackson, has been chosen to unveil the monument on the 20th.

Death of a Former Wilmingtonian.

Dr. W. Duke Murphy, aged about 30 years, died on the 2nd inst. at his home in Philadelphia. He was a native of Fayetteville, N. C., and in his younger days lived in Wilmington. He was probably well known to all our older citizens. He was a brother of the late Jas. S. Murphy of this city. He removed from Wilmington to Philadelphia in the forties, and married there, and soon thereafter gave up the practice of medicine and engaged in mercantile pursuits. One who knew him well in the old days says, "he was a most genial, Christian gentleman."

NEW YORK TRUCK MARKETS.

Full and Reliable Reports of Markets For Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 4.—Southern fresh fruits and vegetables: Buyers had secured about all the stuff they needed yesterday, and the market to-day shows the usual Saturday's dullness, while prices are not materially changed from our last.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., May 4.—Berries sold to-day 13 to 25c as to quality; peas, $1.50 to $1.75; cabbage, $6.00; new potatoes, $6.00 to 7.00 per barrel. Market active. SHARP, COX & CO.

Wilmington Got It.

The STAR published a few days since an account of the operations of the dispensary established at Waynesville, Haywood county. Since then the STAR has learned that the Commissioners of that county advertised for bids for furnishing the supplies of liquors for one year, and that Messrs. Sternberger & Co., through Mr. Julius Hahn, a member of the firm, received the contract over sharp competition from a number of wholesale liquor houses of Cincinnati and Louisville. The contract will cover goods to an amount exceeding $10,000.

The United States Court.

The United States District Court, Judge Seymour presiding, completed the business of the term and adjourned yesterday at 11 a. m. The parties held for costs in the *Najarden* wreck cases were called and failed to answer, and the cases were continued to the next term of court, which will meet in December.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

There were heavy rains yesterday in the Galveston district, the average precipitation for the twenty-two stations being 1.15 inches. The Little Rock district's 13 stations reported an average of 0.09 of an inch; the New Orleans district, 0.03. No rain elsewhere in the cotton belt.

Portner's the Best—Drink Portner's Grape Soda, Ginger Ale, &c. Delicious, pure and healthy. †

THE ABSORBING QUESTION.

THE NEXT COTTON CROP YIELD OF PARAMOUNT IMPORTANCE TO THE SOUTH.

Reduction in Acreage Ten Per Cent.—Decrease in Use of Fertilizers Thirty-five Per Cent.—Chances Largely in Favor of a Sharp Reduction in Yield.

Messrs. Hubbard & Bros. in their last weekly cotton letter say:

Under the influence of more favorable crop advices from the South, especially from Texas, where rains have fallen in every section, excepting the extreme Southern portion of the State, the market experienced a sharp liquidation by the recent buyers of cotton, and at one time on Wednesday the decline was severe. From this point there has been a recovery, with the trade looking for another advance to the prices touched in April, under the improvement in general business throughout the world. Locally the liquidation of the cotton held by weak holders during the last week, gives the market the appearance of greater stability than it then possessed, and the question as to the maintenance of present prices or of a further improvement, will probably be determined by the condition and prospects of the growing crop. At the present time the crop is considered to be backward, but the memories of those connected with the cotton trade are unusually short, and it is not generally recalled that the cotton crop last year in the Atlantic States was badly injured by a frost on the 16th of May, which caused replanting in many sections. A perusal of the Government report of the 10th of May, 1894, causes one to wonder how a monster cotton crop could have been made from such a condition as was then reported. Nevertheless it is generally believed that the crop is backward; that there will be a reduction in acreage throughout the country of at least 10 per cent., and a falling off in the use of commercial fertilizers of 35 per cent., as compared with last season, and whether these conditions are correct or not, they are those which are held by the cotton trade at the present time. We think that the reduction in acreage will not be greater than this 10 per cent., nor will the reduction in the use of fertilizers exceed 35 per cent., as the natural effect of the recent advance has been to stimulate planting operations wherever possible, and to bring into use all the fertilizers that the planter could obtain from his factor.

The feeling in the market at the present time is that cotton has established itself permanently upon a higher range of values, and the chances are largely in favor of a sharp reduction in the yield as compared with last season, which will be felt in a further advance in prices, which will also be assisted by the general improvement in business. Therefore, in looking forward to the future changes in prices, one must bear in mind that while the probabilities are in favor of excellent crop advices for the next sixty days, that their influence will be partly neutralized by the present speculative temper which is not only current in American, but is also a prominent factor in inducing spinners to retain their holdings of low-priced cotton as a reserve and to purchase their daily consumption at present prices. It is likely that the large interest which has been identified with this recent advance has parted with the largest portion of their holdings, which has passed into weaker hands, and the local situation is therefore complicated by the knowledge that this interest may not be able to resist the influence of the offerings of Fall shipments to Europe as a result of improving crop reports, but the temper of the market at the present time is to ignore all influences excepting those in favor of the market.

There still remains an uncovered short interest in the May position, which is practically helpless, as the trade in tendering 43,000 bales have probably parted with as much cotton as they care to at the present premium of the May delivery over June.

APPEAL TO SUPERIOR COURT.

State Treasurer vs. Directors of Bank of New Hanover.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., May 4.—Judge Starbuck in the Superior Court overruled the demurrer as to the first two causes of action in the complaint of the State Treasurer vs. directors of the Bank of New Hanover, and sustained the last one. Both sides appealed to the Supreme Court.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—7 bales cotton, 34 casks spirits turpentine, 51 bbls rosin, 14 bbls tar, 27 bbls crude turpentine.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.—47 cask spirits turpentine, 47 bbls tar.

Carolina Central R. R.—14 bbls tar, 86 casks spirits turpentine 188 bbls rosin, 17 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer Daggett—68 bbls tar, 20 bbls rosin, 10 casks spirits turpentine, 55 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 7 bales; spirits turpentine, 127 casks; rosin, 339 bbls; tar, 143 bbls; crude turpentine, 99 bbls.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., May 5.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 66°; 8 p. m., 67°; maximum, 77°; minimum, 65°; mean, 71°.

Rainfall for the day, .0; rainfall for the month up to date .01 inches.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For Virginia and North Carolina, fair, easterly winds, becoming southerly.

For South Carolina, fair, southeasterly winds.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Concord Chapter No. 1 R. A. M.

COMPANIONS—The Regular Convocation will be held Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting Brethren are cordially invited to attend.
W. A. MARTIN,
may 5 1t Secretary.

New Hoop Iron.

100 Bdls. 1-inch Hoop Iron.
50 Bdls. 1¼-inch Hoop Iron.
125 Bdls. 1½-inch Hoop Iron.
25 Bdls. 1¾-inch Hoop Iron.
100 Bags Shot.
100 Rolls Caps.
25 Kegs Powder.

All new goods, not job lots and old stock. W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
26 North Water Street.
my 5 tf DAW Wilmington, N. C.

THE MORNING STAR,
THE OLDEST
DAILY NEWSPAPER
IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FISHBLATE'S

Modern Methods
OF
Retailing.

Magnitude means steady progress if general conditions are a guide.

Advancement is proof. Continuous growth is proof positive.

The great store grows greater and stronger. No lag. No stop. Constantly hammering at the Mammoth Production of

Men's, Youth's
AND
Children's Attire,

Made up for the Spring and Summer, has brought to the front the greatest gathering of dependable wearables ever spread under any one roof in Wilmington.

One Idea,
One Thought,

Concentrating the whole force to bring out the best possible values at the very lowest prices, and broaden the scope of the various departments has developed in making each department practically a complete store within itself.

Modern Methods of retailing mean placing the merchandise with the consumer at wholesale prices. Keeping an eye to the consumer's interest furthers our own. Let wisdom place your dollars on the right track—the straight line to economy, and—and just service leads directly here.

There is not an article in the immense establishment not Guaranteed solid value for the price.

Make a comparison between the Styles, Shapes and general Details of Construction of the Union Tailor-made, Form-Fitting, Ready-to-Wear Garments bearing the

FISHBLATE LABEL,

And the ordinary class of clothing usually offered on sale, and the result will be that your purchases are made here every time.

No Trickery,
False Quotations
Or Limit

To any particular article offered on sale here. Square dealing and correct values are the fundamental principles, and the best proof of the solid worth is backed by refunding money to any dissatisfied purchaser.

It matters not whether interested in Men's Suits, as low as the lowest, as fine as the finest, or Boys' Wear, as cheap as the cheapest, good as the best, there is more variety and better make and infinitely more stylish and correct-fitting goods here than can be shown by any other house in the line—it matters not who nor where.

S. H. Fishblate,
King Clothier.
may 1 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news paper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $80 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important facts or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, MAY 5, 1895

OUR LOOMS AND SPINDLES.

There were at the end of last September 321 cotton mills in operation in the South to which a number have since been added, how many we do not know exactly, but it is estimated by those who keep their eye on this movement and are familiar with it that there will be in operation before the end of this cotton year nearly three million spindles in the South, which will be an increase of nearly a million and a half spindles since 1890. The increase in the number of our mills is remarkable, especially within the past few years, and yet the work goes on steadily, every week adding to the number, and all seem to do well, which is also remarkable, considering the fact that many of these mills are presided over by men who have not had much experience in the business, and are also dependent more or less on help much of which has to be taught the duties they are required to perform, as was the case in nearly all the mills started in the South some time ago.

No better proof need be asked of the advantages the South offers as a manufacturing section than the fact that notwithstanding the large and continuous increase in the number they have, with few if any exceptions, prospered even with the limited experience of many of the managers and the additional fact that they had to train much of the labor they employed.

That the men who have put their money into cotton manufactories in the South have confidence in their ability to hold their vantage ground, and are not fearful of the future, is shown by the additions that many have made to the mills they own, the capacity for production in some cases being doubled within a few years, and the cordiality with which they welcome the erection of new mills in their vicinity, and the readiness with which they furnish information to capitalists from other sections who come to learn for themselves of the inducements this section offers for the business, not only information in a general way, but specific information as to the cost of building, equipping, labor, material, cost of production, &c., information which would not be freely furnished if our mill men feared competition, or had any idea that the business was in any danger of being overdone. They know they have a great market, and one that is annually growing greater, notwithstanding the fact that the production is growing greater, for every year they are enlarging the scope of their endeavors and going further into the territory that but a few years ago belonged exclusively to the Northern mills. Every addition to our population by immigration or otherwise makes one more customer for our cotton mills, and as the Western States increase in population by immigration or otherwise the customers there increase also.

Some years ago the goods made in the South were of a coarse variety and were marketed almost altogether in the States in which they were made or in adjacent States, and of all the fine qualities of goods the mills North had the business. But as the improvement in grades went on in the South the Northern mills were compelled to abandon the manufacture of some of them and leave that business to the Southern mills. The question with the Northern miller now is where will the South draw the line and where will she be content to rest in the march of improvement, and how long will it be before they will have to cease making some of the lines of goods of which they now have the run and turn them, too, over to the South as they had to do with other grades. This they will doubtless be compelled to do in some of the lines they are now manufacturing when the South gets ready to enter competition with them.

But the advance in this direction will not be marked enough to interfere seriously with the Northern mills for some years to come, and in the meantime our markets may so expand that there will be a practically limitless field, and room for an indefinite addition to the looms and spindles of the South without treading too closely upon the heels of New England. "Westward the star of empire" took its way, but the Orient beckons to our commerce and thither it will go, go to the hundreds of millions to whom the sight of a modern loom operated by steam would be a world of wonder.

With the ending of the Chinese-Japanese war a new era has dawned on the gate-locked land of Li Hung Chang and the gates will be thrown open to the hosts of progress as they flew open when the victorious Japanese soldiers swung them open or tore them down. That war in a few months advanced China a hundred years, and although against her will brought her that much nearer to that part of the human family which is moving onward. When the way is open for us to reach them by the shorter route of the Nicaragua Canal, there will be a market for vast amounts of the fruit of the Southern loom, which will find enough to do however numerous they may become.

MINOR MENTION.

There is a big screw loose somewhere in the mechanism of our industrial machinery. If it isn't in the machinery it is in the people who run it, so that it amounts to the same thing. For some time our industries have, under the stimulus of the new tarriff, been picking up rapidly, sales increasing at home, with a marked increase in our foreign exports. There was a general tendency to an increase of wages voluntarily by employers, and about the time the machine gets to running pretty smoothly some fellow, figuratively speaking, jumps on the brakes and then there is a squeak and a grind and trouble. That's the striker who imagines because he is getting all the work he can do his employer is making lots of money and he must have more wages. It isn't so very long since thousands of workmen who now have work had no work and would have been glad to have got work at almost any wages. Many of these same workmen no sooner get to work with, a fair prospect of continued employment, than they surrender their heads to some labor agitator, demand a higher rate of wages and failing to get it strike, and in doing so strike themselves harder than their employers. According to the latest reports of the industrial situation there are about 50,000 workmen out on strike, with the probabilities of an increase, for when a strike begins these days, with their oath-bound labor leagues and organizations there is no telling where it will end. The mischief in all this thing is that it doesn't affect only the workmen who strike and their employers, but affects many thousands of others, clogs the wheels of industry and retards the return of the good times for which all are so anxious.

* * *

According to the reports from the coal fields in West Virginia there are between 20,000 and 25,000 men involved in the strike, and with a folly which borders on insanity they seem to be pursuing the same tactics that were resorted to by the Chicago strikers, who foolishly undertook to hold up trains and thus called into the field both State and Federal troops, which quashed the strike in short order and landed a number of the leaders in jail. These miners have the right to strike, that is to quit work. They have the right to do this individually or collectively. This very few will dispute, but they have no right to say that other men shall not take the places of those who quit, and they certainly have no right to destroy property, nor to interfere with the running of trains whether these trains carry coal from the mines, or carry workmen to the mines to take the places of the strikers. When they do that the public at large becomes interested, for other people are injured and other industries suffer by this interference. The miners have a right to act for their own interests and to stand by each other in so doing, but they have no right to inflict injury upon others who are in no way connected with or responsible for the grievances they may have. When they do that they fail because they arouse public sentiment against them and invoke against them the armed power of the law.

There must surely be something the matter with the New York *Sun's* cat. A few days ago Mr. Dana apologized for the appearance in the *Sun's* columns of an unsigned article abusive of the Jews, and right upon that republished a poem which some one had palmed off on another paper as original which had been bodily stolen from one of Longfellow's poems.

The United States Department of Agriculture has sent an expert to the black belt of the South to analyze the food of the darkies and find out what they live on. Now we may learn something about the constituent elements of the 'possum and watermilion.

A Mississippi editor has made the discovery that 'some people are born small.' The general impression is that most people are.

Sam Johnson is tramping around this country somewhere and does not stop long enough to read the papers and learn that there is a big fortune waiting for him in Brooklyn. But perhaps he knows it and is afraid to run the risk of the Brooklyn trolley.

The Prince of Wales pays $21 a pair for his trousers. This will be news to a good many people who are of the opinion that the Prince doesn't pay for his trousers.

Some of the over ardent admirers of ex Speaker Crisp, in Georgia, have been starting a little Presidential boom for that gentleman, but he says he's not in it.

Business is reviving somewhat in Mexico. The volcano Colima has has resumed operations and is now turning out large quantities of lava and stuff.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The indications are that the active campaign that has been waged in the interest of a reduced cotton acreage will result in success. It took hard work and bitter experience to convince the farmers of the necessity, but they are convinced.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

—— "Do you know why I am about to whip you, my son?" asked the father. "'Cause you are bigger than I am, I s'pose," answered the boy. And there you have the philosophy of Europe's action in the East. If Russia, Germany and France think that they are big enough, they will cry out, "A higher civilization!" and then go in for a general game of grab.—*Boston Standard, Ind.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Rocky Mount *Argonaut*: Her many friends in Rocky Mount will read with regret the death of Mrs. J. N. Gibbons, which sad event occurred Tuesday of last week at a hospital in Richmond, Va., where she had gone for surgical treatment. She was a Miss Turner, of Reidsville.

— Lincoln *Courier*: Ex-Sheriff John Z. Falls, the oldest citizen and founder of the village of Fallston, died at his home on the night of 26th, of April. —— The potato bug stood the cold of last Winter admirably. He now stands upon the clods in the potato patch waiting to see the green tops appear.

—High Point *Enterprise*. We understand that a new $100,000 cotton mill for High Point is now an assured fact. The men who are figuring on this have got the money and do not talk simply for glory—they talk for money and make money talk for them.——Mr. A. Page who has been extending the Aberbeen railroad towards Star in Montgomery county is said to be contemplating running the road to Troy instead. The outlook for a railroad through Montgomery is bright.

— Clinton *Democrat*: Mrs. Glisson died at her home at Magnolia on Tuesday morning. ——Mr. James Herring died at his home in South Clinton on Friday the 26th ult., of pneumonia. He was aged 22 years. ——Mr. Elijah Gregory, who had his leg broken in an accident recently died suddenly at the home of his father, Mr. John Gregory, near Newton Grove, on the 23nd ult. It was thought he was improving, but he suddenly weakened and passed away. —— Mr. Hosea Weeks, son of Mr. John Allen Weeks, of Piney Grove, was seriously shot by accident one day last week. His gun fell to the floor, and striking on the hammer exploded, the entire charge of shot passing through his leg, cutting one of the bones below the knee entirely in two.

ADVICE IS CHEAP.

"Get up, young man," the poet wrote.
"And breathe the air so sweet;
Put on your light spring overcoat,
And Aurora's coming greet
With lambkins in the early morn.
Go sport upon the green!"
Next day the poet all forlorn
Arose at ten fifteen.

It is an easy job to give
Advice—we all can teach—
But such an awkward thing to live
And practice what we preach!
Of kindly precept none have lacked
So far as I have seen;
But words by good example backed
Are few and far between.

The country stands in need of those,
Who do as Enoch did,
And while their weary jaws repose
Walk right side up amid
The mad, discordant surging throng
That treads the pavement blocks—
Such men do more to crush out wrong
Than one who simply talks.

We have too much of vocal noise,
Too great a waste of breath,
This life is robbed of half its joys
And talked almost to death;
If more would bravely do and dare
The land of heavenly bliss
Would have a few recruits to spare
From those who die in this.
Nebraska State Journal.

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

—Pride has no other glass to show itself but pride.—*Shakespeare.*

— God's place for a Christian is where he is needed the most.—*Ram's Horn.*

— If your religion never noticed outside of the church, there is something wrong with it.

— If the Christian course had been meant for a path of roses, would the life of the Author of Christianity have been a path strewed with thorns?—*H. More.*

— Bismarck's ovation came to him before his death. That of every faithful servant of the King of kings will come afterward, but will last forever. Be patient and true, O servant of God.—*Pacific Methodist Advocate.*

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are Nervous, Sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine, you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

NEWSPAPER FARMING.

Come, all ye lowly farmers,
Come, all ye stranger folk,
Who by the cultivation
Of wheat have gone dead broke;
Since in the rural precincts
You cannot find your luck,
Come here and learn the secret
Of making garden truck.

High up above the pygmies
Who rush along the street
There toils a gifted worker
Upon a morning sheet.
All night he looks at copy;
All night he handles news;
All day he sweats his thinker
And much of wisdom brews.

He grieves to think that farmers
Should play a losing hand
At plowing up the bosom
Of unresponsive land,
And in his grief he murmurs,
"With crops diversified
The farmer would be in it,
With fortune for his bride."

So come, ye lowly plowmen,
Who thirst for something good,
And learn the golden secret,
For be it understood
That here we have a writer
Who deftly does the trick
Of making country butter
By the paragraph or stick.
—St. Paul News.

Relieving Snowbound Passengers.

"I was snowbound in Michigan a few years ago, between Coopersville and Nunica," said a traveling salesman. "The snow was four feet deep on a level and still falling. The passengers had eaten up everything the train boy had, including even mixed candies, and children were crying for food. A grocery salesman offered his samples of tea and coffee, and these were boiled at the engine. Then I started, accompanied by another passenger, to go to a farmhouse to get some bread and butter. We waded through the snow, and by the time we got there were nearly frozen, but we could detect the odor of cooking victuals and felt that our mission would be successful.

"In answer to our knock a woman came to the door and flatly refused to let us have bread at any price. Five large loaves, just baked, were on a table and a jar of butter near it. I told my friend to go to the front door and argue with them while I stole the food. This programme was carried out, and I started back through the snow with the bread and butter. I had not gone far before I could hear the farmer behind swearing at me. Then came a race through the snow. Twice I fell down and soaked the bread in the snow, but I hung on to it and reached the train at the same time the farmer did. There a hundred passengers were ready to help me, and we had one square meal. I had offered $1 a loaf for the bread and started to make the promise good, but the passengers insisted that the man should get nothing except the empty butter jar."
—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Korean Use For Human Hair.

Human hair is in great demand in some of the countries of Europe, and the supply is said to be inadequate. Our consul in Korea points out that there is plenty and to spare in the Hermit Kingdom. "The Koreans," he adds, "have remarkably fine heads of hair, and they put their 'combings' to a use that I have never seen elsewhere. A very large number of the saddlecloths placed under the packs of their ponies are made of hair woven into coarse mats or bags, and the halters and head ropes of their animals are largely composed of the same material. I believe that human hair is largely exported from China to Europe, and Korea could furnish a large and cheap supply did the people know there there was a demand for it." Here's a chance for some pioneer of commerce.—Westminster Gazette.

Mines of Petrifactions.

North Colorado and parts of Wyoming and Montana are genuine mines of petrifactions. There are petrifactions of every kind, including many varieties of wood, ferns and plants, fish, toads, snails, frogs, serpents, shellfish and objects which cannot be classified. The deposits often occur in layers, as though some great natural convulsion had destroyed the animal life of a whole district at once. The scientists make very few and tolerably weak attempts to explain the singular phenomenon, and the fact is evident that they know no more about the matter than do the men who pick out the best specimens and sell them to tourists.—Chicago Herald.

Nantucket Ahead.

Claimants for priority are constantly getting into trouble by making statements founded on insufficient premises. Referring to the mention by a Boston paper that a lady candidate for overseer of the poor at Dedham was the first of her sex to aspire to that office, the Nantucket Inquirer says: "Nantucket elected a lady overseer a year ago—Mrs. Malinda S. Barney—and again in 1894 has re-elected the same lady and another—Mrs. Susan P. Jones. So Nantucket is a year ahead and proud of the step she took."

There was a winemakers' union in Rome B. C. 54. They had regular meetings at which they discussed the best methods of concentrating wine so as to reduce it to a sirup and finally to a solid cake, in which form it was often preserved for many years.

Dr. P. Fuerbringer of Berlin praises the peanut as a food rich in albumen and advises its use in soup or mush. Peanuts are especially valuable, he says, in kidney diseases, in which animal albumen must be avoided.

A law enacted in Germany requires that all drugs intended for internal use be put up in round bottles, while those for external use shall be put up in hexagonal bottles.

A woman or a man with a careful expression and a manner of repose always looks years younger than the birth register gives out.

Instances of extreme old age are more common among those who exercise themselves with gardening than in any other employment.

Red Men of Guiana.

There are still "red men" in Guiana, according to Mr. Smith Delacour's report—descendants of the inhabitants at the time of its discovery. They are apparently of three or more separate origins.

The oldest inhabitants are believed to be the Warraus, who lead a semiamphibious life, without agriculture and rather as fishers than as hunters. Where these people came from is not known. Of more certain origin are the second set, the Arawacks, who were driven southward from the West Indian islands. After them came a whole series of Carib tribes, who were also forced southward from the West Indies. Just before the advent of the Europeans the last of the Carib tribes made its appearance, and its people were known as the "True Caribs."

In life and surroundings there is no great difference between any of the existing tribes. They live in small family groups, the mutual relations of the members being admirably regulated by a very decided though unwritten code. They pass perfectly simple lives, the happiness of which seems to be enhanced by the inevitable collisions with other tribes. A sufficiency of food is procured by hunting and fishing and a primitive kind of agriculture. Their houses, adds Mr. Smith Delacour, are of the simplest, but exactly what is required, and the furniture is usually a hammock. Clothing is "a question for the future."—London News.

HAIR RAISING FRIGHTS.

Is the "standing on End" Sensation a Real or an Imaginary One?

As a general rule unscientific opinions on a scientific subject are of but little value to the student and the investigator. Yet to be permitted to ask such questions appears to relieve one to a certain extent, even though the answer be far from satisfactory.

There is a variety of opinions among the authorities concerning the subject of the hair "standing on end" in time of extreme fright, some of which are tenable and altogether probable, others ridiculous in the extreme. The notion, if notion it be, that the hair occasionally raises and lifts the hat is of extreme antiquity. In the oldest book in the Bible (Job iv, 14-15) I find the following: "Fear came upon me and trembling, which made all my bones to shake. Then a spirit passed before my face. The hair of my flesh stood up."

Do you remember what Virgil says about his hero in the celebrated vox faucibus hoesit passage? I read from Conington's translation:

While thus in agony I pressed
From house to house the endless quest,
The pale, sad specter of my wife
Confronts me larger than in life.
I stood appalled, my hair erect,
And fear my tongue tied utterance checked.

Macbeth relates his experience as follows:

Why do I yield to that suggestion
Whose horrid image doth unfix my hair?

And again in Hamlet we read:

I could a tale unfold whose lightest words
Would harrow up thy soul, freeze thy young blood,
Make thy two eyes, like stars, start from their spheres,
Thy knotted and combined locks to part
And each particular hair to stand on end,
Like quills upon the fretful porcupine.

Similar instances of "hair raising" being mentioned in literature could be multiplied, but the above are sufficient, even without scientific corroboration, to prove that the phenomenon is not a freak of the imagination.

One of the authorities before me gives this opinion: "Plainly stated, the hair raising notion is without a substantial basis. In short, the sensation is only an imaginary one."

Hildreth says, "In such cases the hair actually stands erect, a result of a sudden contraction of the follicles."

Wilson's "Normal Condition of the Hair and Skin" says, "The phenomena of hair standing erect in cases of extreme terror cannot satisfactorily be explained."—St. Louis Republic.

Beardless Physicians.

It is an almost fatal obstacle in the building up of practice for a physician to wear a youthful face. Any doctor will corroborate that. I remember an amusing incident in my own experience after I had graduated from hospital service and put up my shingle and started practice. It was terribly slow work getting patients. I had a friend who was a medical student in my office. He was very dark complexioned, and though only 20 years old had a big black beard. A woman called at the office one day and asked to see the doctor. My student answered the summons and said that he would call me. I walked into the reception room. The patient, who was a stranger to both of us, looked at me impatiently. I had a very adolescent mustache at that time.

"I want to see the doctor," she exclaimed rather sharply. "I don't want to see a medical student. I wish to see the gentleman with the beard." To save myself the loss of that patient I had to apologize and call my student back. I was present, heard all that was said, and I was the author of the prescription given. The woman didn't know that, however, and went away perfectly satisfied. It was simply an amusing illustration of the prejudice, unjust enough, to boyish looking doctors, and incidents of that kind occur every day.—New York Sun.

Southern Planters.

The gentleman, indeed, has taken to agriculture in the south. Before the war the whole southern social system rested on the planter. There has been an insidious and noiseless industrial revolution since, but the planter remains the main support of the taxes. We have no class among northern farmers that quite answers to his. He resembles more the English country gentleman of a past generation when country gentlemen did not go to town.

All the same, it would not do to count the planter out of the scheme. He is the most American farmer of them all, barely excepting the New Englander, who is disappearing every year. He furnishes a conservative, native born influence of immense account. A class that still believes in God and women and honor, that may be led astray by hotheaded prejudices, but can neither be bought nor cowed, is a class to be valued, since it is as true today as in Goldsmith's time that—

Ill fares the land, to hastening ills a prey,
Where wealth accumulates and men decay.
—Octave Thanet in Scribner's.

Wasting Our Wealth.

Providence stocked the earth, the waters and the air with a store of all that was necessary for the use or for the benefit of man. Had we been content to live upon what may be called the interest of this store there was amply sufficient to last for all time. But we are the spendthrifts of our race; we are exhausting our capital, exterminating every wild animal, lading out with our machinery every mineral and raking the very ocean for its wealth. What is to become of us when we have exhausted our sensationalism, exhausted our capital and exhausted even our vitality? They call this fin de siecle. I call it fin du monde.—Truth.

Your Learning.

Wear your learning like your watch in a private pocket, and do not pull it out and strike it merely to show that you have one. If you are asked what o'clock it is, tell it, but do not proclaim it hourly and unasked like a watchman.—Chesterfield.

A man's time, when well husbanded, is like a cultivated field of which a few acres produce more of what is useful to life than extensive provinces, even of the richest soil, when overrun with weeds.

We believe Johnson's Magnetic Oil a most excellent remedy for neuralgia, rheumatism, lame back and soreness of every kind. $1.00 bottles 50 cts. J. H. HARDIN, J. HICKS BUNTING. †

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THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY. †

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Canajoharie, N. Y. says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results to follow its use: that he would not be without it procurable. G. A. Dykeman, Druggist, Catskill, says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it has never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

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High Grade Tobacco
AND
ABSOLUTELY PURE

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Seeing Plants Grow.

In the laboratory the growth of a plant may be rendered visible by attaching a fine platinum wire to the stem or growing part. The other end of the wire, to which is fastened a pointed piece of charcoal, is pressed gently against a drum. The drum is covered with white paper and kept revolving by clockwork.

Of course if the growth is stationary a straight line is marked on the paper, but even the slightest increase is shown by the inclined tracing on the paper.

By a simple modification of this arrangement, the growth of a plant can be rendered audible. The drum must be covered by narrow strips of platinum foil, say one-eighth of an inch wide and one-eighth between each strip.

If the strips of platinum be made to complete the circuit of a galvanic battery to which an electric bell is coupled up, then the bell will continue ringing while the plant grows an eighth of an inch, followed by silence while the pointer is passing over the space between two strips, for the next growth of an eighth of an inch, and so on.

The growth of some very rapidly growing plants and the opening of some flowers, such as the compass plant, can be heard direct by means of the microphone. By the above means it has been proved that plants grow most rapidly between 4 and 6 a. m.—New York Journal.

He Knew the Snap.

As the seasoned tramp and the green one passed along the road they observed a handsome, hospitable looking home resting peacefully in the quiet shade.

"Git on to it, Cully," exclaimed the green one, his eyes sparkling in anticipation. "That's the kind of a place where we git a soft snap."

"Do we? You think we do, do you?" replied the seasoned one scornfully. "Well, you go in and try it. I've been. Go on in, but you'd better take a hydraulic jack along to pry the bull pup's jaws open with unless you want to tote him around with you till he gets ripe and falls off."—Detroit Free Press.

Our Higher Education.

Uncle George—Are you learning much at school?

Little Nephew—Yes, indeedy. I'm learning to sit still, an not talk, an not make any noise, an get up an sit down, an march, an lots of things.—Good News.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the Star will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2-lb Jute		6
Standard	7½@	7½
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ₩ lb	13½@	14
Sides ₩ lb	9½@	10
Shoulders ₩ lb		8½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ₩ lb	7 @	7½
Shoulders ₩ lb	6½@	
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00 @	1 15
New New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New City, each	@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb	@	30
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15	
Northern	23 @	
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	@	58½
Virginia Meal	55 @	57½
COTTON TIES—₩ bundle	@	79
CANDLES—₩ lb—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	9 @	10
CHEESE—₩ lb—		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	11 @	12
State	@	10
COFFEE—₩ lb—		
Laguyra	20 @	23
Rio	15 @	19
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	5	5½
" 7-8 "	18 @	20
EGGS—₩ dozen	9 @	
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ½ barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ barrel	16,00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ½ barrel	8,00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	10 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25 @	3 50
Mullets, ½ pork barrel	@	2 50
SHAD, N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg	3 50 @	4 00
" Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5 @	10
FLOUR—₩ barrel—		
Western, low grade	3 50 @	3 50
" Extra	3 75 @	4 25
" Straight	3 85 @	
Second Patent	3 50 @	
First Patent	4 25 @	4 50
City Mills	@	2 50
" Family	3 25 @	
GLUE—₩ lb	7½@	10
GRAIN—₩ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	57½@	
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	@	57½
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	@	57½
Oats, from store	@	44
Oats, State, Proof	@	50
Cow Peas	85 @	1 00
HIDES, ₩ lb—		
Green	@	4
Dry salted	@	3½
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—		
Eastern	@	1 00
Western	@	90
North River	@	90
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2 @	3½
LARD, ₩ lb—		
Northern	5½@	9@
North Carolina	8½@	9
LIME, ₩ barrel	1	25
LUMBER (City prices), ₩ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	15 00 @	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	@	26
" in bbls	@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	35 @	37½
" in bbls	@	37
Sugar-House, in hhds	@	14
" in bbls	@	16
Syrup, in bbls	35 @	45
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 00 @	1 10
PORK, ₩ bbl—		
City Mess	@14	50
Rump	@14	00
Prime	@14	00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10 @	22
SALT, ₩ sack—	@	75
Liverpool	@	65
Limeo	@	
" 125-₩ Sacks	45 @	50
SHINGLES, 7-inch, & 4d	5 00 @	7 00
Cypress Sawed	2 00 @	3 00
Cypress Hearts	@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb— Standard Grans'd	@	4½
Standard A	@	4½
White Ex. C	@	4½
Extra C, Golden	@	4
C, Yellow	@	3¾
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½@	
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00 @	12
" Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	7 @	9 00
Mill, Prime	6 @	7 00
Mill, Fair	5 @	6 00
Common Mill	4 @	4 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 @	3 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	@	3
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 @	2
North Carolina	1 @	1
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14	
" Unwashed	10	
" Burry		
RICE—Carolina, ₩ lb	4 @	5
" Rough	60 @	70
" (Louisiana)	1 @	1 15½
RAGS, ₩ lb—Country	@	1½
Cuba	@	1
POTATOES, ₩ bbl—		
Sweet	30 @	50
Irish, ₩ barrel	2 75 @	3 00

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, May 4.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Steady at 37 cents per gallon paid. [Was firm Friday at 37 cents bid.]

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 10 per bbl. for Strained and $1.20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market steady at $1 10 per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market quiet at $1 90 for Hard, $1 90 for Yellow Dip and $2 35 for Virgin.

COTTON—Steady.

Ordinary	3¾ cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	5¼ " "
Low Middling	6 3-16 " "
Middling	6¼ " "
Good Middling	6 9-16 " "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	7 bales
Spirits Turpentine	127 casks
Rosin	359 bbls
Tar	148 bbls
Crude Turpentine	99 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 4—Evening. Money on call nominally 1½ per ct. Prime mercantile paper 4@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange easier; actual business in bankers' bills at 487½@488 for sixty days and 488¾@489 for demand. Commercial bills 486¾@487½. Government bonds firm; United States coupon fours 112¾; United States twos 97. State bonds quiet; North Carolina fours 103@105; North Carolina sixes 124 bid. Railroad bonds lower.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was 67@67¼ for three ounces.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, May 4—Evening. Cotton easy; middling gulf 7 1-16c; middling uplands 6 13-16c.

Futures closed barely steady; sales of 56,400 bales as follows: May 6.63@6.64c; June 6.68@6.67c; July 6.61@6.62c; August 6.66@6.67c; September 6.65@6.69c, October 6.73@6.74c; November 6.77c; December 6.83@6.85c; January 6.87@6.88c; February 6.92@6.93c; March 6.97@6.99c.

Net receipts 330 bales; gross receipts 385 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent — bales; forwarded bales; sales 1,250 bales, sales to spinners 57 bales; stock (actual) 339,386 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 6,551 bales; exports to Great Britain 6,147 bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent — bales; stock 644,109 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 7,698,858 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,136,735 bales; exports to France 749,464 bales; exports to the Continent 2,388,085 bales.

Flour firm at quotations as follows: winter wheat, low grades $2 30@$2 75; fair to fancy grades $2 85@3 80; patents $3 40@3 75. Minnesota clear $2 75@3 15; do. patents $3 50@4 60; low extras $2 30@2 75; city mills —; Southern flour quoted quiet and firm; common to fair extra $2 35@3 10; good to choice do. $3 20@3 70. Wheat dull and lower with options, closing firm; No. 2 red in store and a televator 68@68¼c; afloat 69¼@69¾c; options were dull and weak and ¼@¾c lower; No. 2 red May 68¾c; June 68¾c; July 68¾c. Corn fairly active and firm; No. 2 at elevator 57½c asked; c afloat 58¾ asked; steamer mixed 54¼@55¾c; options dull and unchanged closing steady; May 54¾; July 55½c. Oats dull and firm; options dull and nominally lower; May 32¾c; June 32½c; July 33¼c; spot—No. 2, 32¾@33c; mixed Western 33@34½c. Hay firm; shipping 55@60c; good to choice 70@80. Wool firm and in moderate demand; domestic fleece 16@19c; pulled 12@33; Texas 9@12. Beef was quiet and firm; family $11 00@13 00; extra mess $8 50@9 00; beef hams dull but steady at $19 50; tierced beef steady and dull; city extra India mess $18. 00@20 00. Cut meats—market quiet and weak; pickled bellies 6½; pickled shoulders 5¾c; pickled hams 9@9½; middles dull, nominal; short clear ——. Lard quiet and lower; Western steam $6 83½; city $6 25; May nominal; July $7 00 asked; refined quiet; Continent $7 20; South America $7 60, compound $5 35@5 37½. Pork dull but steady; mess $13 50@14 00. Butter steady; demand moderate; State dairy 8@17c; do. creamery new 19; Western dairy 8@13c; creamer new 13@19, do old 9@14c; factory 7@11c; Elkins 19c. Cotton seed oil wanted and market strong; crude 24c; yellow prime 27@27½. Petroleum nominal; refined in New York $8 35; Philadelphia $8 20;

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Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

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Burns,	Stitches,	Hoof Ail,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Screw
Stings,	Backache,	Worms,
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Bruises,	Sores,	Saddle Galls,
Bunions,	Spavin	Piles.
Corns,	Cracks.	

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accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.
The Housewife needs it for general family use.
The Canner needs it for his teams and his men.
The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.
The Miner needs it in case of emergency.
The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.
The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
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Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

A PLEASANT SURPRISE.

A Tribute to Some of the Men and Characteristics That Have Made Ireland Famous.

At the close of the regular monthly meeting of the Hibernian Benevolent Society held, Thursday evening last, the members were entertained by the Honorary President of the Society, Mr. John Dyer, with the following address, which came as a surprise that was very much appreciated:

MR. CHAIRMAN.—I presume most of us have heard of the old Irish legend of the Blarney stone in Blarney Castle, County Cork. The stone is difficult to reach. The legend is that if a person can get to it and kiss it he will receive the power of eloquence and of unlimited powers of speech. Be this as it may, one thing is certain, I have never had an opportunity of kissing this stone, which may be the reason why I am not gifted with the power of extempore speech, so when I have anything to say on any subject, I can express myself in writing much better than I can in speaking. Yet while I am conscious of my deficiency in this respect, I feel proud to know that many of my countrymen are famed for their eloquence. I need only remind you of the statesmanship and eloquence of Edward Burke, Henry Grattan, Richard Brindsley Sheridan and many others who lived in the last century, and of that gifted martyr and immortal patriot, Robert Emmet, who, with death staring him in the face, in the presence of his enemies who were thirsting for his blood, standing in the dock defiant and fearless, delivered that eloquent and masterly defence that made the guilty soul of Lord Norbury quail before his searching sarcasm. That inspired speech will live in history as one of the ablest in the English language, and will be prized by every good Irishman down to the latest posterity.

Yes, Ireland has furnished England with men of talents—statesmen, soldiers, orators, poets, artists, scientists and literary men. But Ireland has never received the credit of it. England has claimed them all. But that is in perfect accordance with her character. Grasping, pirate nation that she is, she has not been satisfied by confiscating the sacred soil of our fathers from the rightful owners, but has robbed her of the reputation of her men of genius. This reminds me of a remark made by the celebrated Dr. Johnston, a man of great literary attainments. When informed by some one that there was a proposition to form a union between England and Ireland, he said, "I hope they will not do that, for if they do England will rob Ireland of everything she can lay her hands on." This far-seeing Englishman understood her grasping disposition, and his prophecy has been fulfilled to the letter, which the Irish people know full well to their cost.

Coming down to our own time, I have had the good fortune of listening to the eloquence of the great O'Connell in Conciliation Hall, in Dublin; and there was the fiery eloquence of John Mitchell, Smith O'Brien, Thomas Francis Meagher, Isaac Butt, Richard Lalor Sheil and others. It is well known that the best speakers in the House of Commons are Irishmen. Of course we except the Grand Old Man, Gladstone. We have Sexton, William O'Brien, and others might be named, and that remarkable man and sterling patriot, who I consider one of the greatest natural orators, who has a better knowledge of the cause and wants of Ireland than any man living, I mean Michael Davitt.

I have taken an extract from a Protestant paper, the Dublin *Irish Times*. The article reads thus: "Michael Davitt in a few days is starting for Australia. The tour will probably last six months, and will be his first introduction to the great Continent where so many Irishmen are settled. We are glad to hear that there is every prospect of a brilliant reception, not only from his own countrymen, but from the labor world of Australia. Labor and Irish Australia would indeed be ungrateful if it failed in cordiality to one of the few heroic figures in modern politics; but may we suggest to Mr. Davitt that when he comes back he should return to the House of Commons. Both Irish Nationalism and English Radicalism want him. The single speech which Mr. Davitt delivered during his short term in the House of Commons was perhaps the most impressive voice of Irish Nationalism since the death of O'Connell. It is quite time he was heard again." Here is a man that the Tories delighted to stigmatize with the name of felon, who was falsely accused and suffered many years of imprisonment, yet even his enemies are compelled to take cognizance of his merits as a statesman and a patriot.

There is another article in the same paper that confirms me in the view I took in my address on Saint Patrick's Day in reference to the absence of bigotry and of the toleration and kindly feelings entertained by Catholics towards all those of different creeds. The late debates in Parliament on the disestablishment of the Church of England, in Wales, recalls to my mind that period of Irish history when the State Church in Ireland was disestablished, about twenty-five years ago. A few months after the disestablishment the Rector of an important parish in Leicester died. He passed away before the new arrangements for the future support and government of the disestablished Church were completed. A new Rector, however, had to be appointed, but with a very much reduced income, so that at first he had considerable pecuniary difficulties to overcome.

He told the writer of this article that he could never forget the kindness and sympathy of the Roman Catholic neighbors although he was a stranger to them. He then informed me that one morning when at breakfast with his family he heard the sound of horses and carts in the yard at the back of the house. He went out to see what was the matter when he found a number of very respectable men with carts and horses. He asked them what was the matter, when of them approached him and made the following statement: 'Your Reverence,' he said, "we reside in your parish, we are all Catholics, but we met last evening and consulted as to whether we could not oblige and help our Reverence, as we had heard that there was a wagon load of coals at the station and some turf for you on the neighboring bog. We know that your Reverence could not be so well off as the old Rector, and we saw that your own people did not understand the change that had taken place, or seem to know what was their duty in consequence of the change. We all determined to do what in us lay to oblige you under the circumstances; so we set out early to the station and the bog and here we are, only waiting for your Reverence's orders to stay where we are to store your coals and build your turf rick." This clergyman told me that for some years while he remained in the parish, he met with the same warm hearted kindness and courtesy that was shown him on his first arrival from his Roman Catholic neighbors. All this is perfectly reliable, for I had it from the clergyman himself. The article is signed Edmund Dease Rathhouse, Queens county, March 28, 1895. Now I think this speaks well for Irish Catholics and does not show either bigotory or intolerance, but seeing this man in difficulty, were good natured and christian-like enough to help him out of his difficult circumstance.

In these days when A. P. A-ism and misrepresentation is rampant, it is refreshing to read such an article as the above, when the motives and acts of Irishmen and Catholics are questioned, although this is nothing new to us who have spent a great part of our lives among them and who know that every word is true of the generosity and kindness of Catholics to their neighbors, without any reference to the difference of their creed.

Mr. President, I take this occasion to congratulate you and this Society on the successful work done during the past year in the midst of many difficulties and discouragements and the loss of some of our old and respected members by death. Yet we have been able to pull through, and we have the satisfaction to know what a great deal of good has been accomplished. The Society is out of debt, and I feel gratified to say that I believe that every officer has done his duty. But, sir, this is not a mutual admiration society; it was established for benevolent purposes to render assistance to our brother members in case of sickness—a time when men need sympathy and kindness.

At our last regular meeting I had intended to say a few words in acknowledgement of the honor which this Society was pleased to confer on me in electing me Honorary President, but there was so much business that I did not find the opportunity. I now desire to return my heartfelt thanks for the honor conferred. I can assure you that it was altogether unexpected, as I am not conscious of having done anything that entitled me to such a compliment. However, this I can say, that I highly appreciate it as coming from my brother members of this society, and if I know my own heart, I have no greater ambition than to merit the good will and confidence of my brother members of this society and my fellow countrymen, and I trust I shall never so far forget myself as to do anything calculated to bring disgrace on the Irish name or on the land of my birth, dear old Erin.

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$3.00 PANTS —AND— $12.50 SUITS

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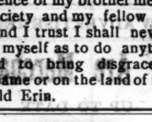
New York, Wilmington, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

CROATAN, Saturday, May 4
ONEIDA, Saturday, May 11

Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA, Saturday, May 4
CROATAN Saturday, May 11

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

ONEIDA, Tuesday, April 30
CROATAN, Tuesday, May 7

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y.

ap 26 tf

HOW GRANT BECAME A SMOKER.

An Incident That Caused the General to Be Overwhelmed With Cigars.

"My father," said Colonel Grant, "tried to smoke while at West Point, but only because it was against the regulations, and then he didn't succeed very well at it. He really got the habit from smoking light cigars and cigarettes during the Mexican war, but it wasn't a fixed habit. When he left the army and lived in the country, he smoked a pipe—not incessantly. I don't think that he was very fond of tobacco then, and really there was always a popular misconception of the amount of his smoking. But he went on as a light smoker, a casual smoker, until the day of the fall of Fort Donelson. Then the gunboats having been worsted somewhat, and Admiral Foote having been wounded, he sent ashore for my father to come and see him. Father went aboard, and the admiral, as is customary, had his cigars passed. My father took one and was smoking it when he went ashore. There he was met by a staff officer, who told him that there was a sortie, and the right wing had been struck and smashed in. Then my father started for the scene of operations. He let his cigar go out naturally, but held it between his fingers. He rode hither and yon, giving orders and directions, still with the cigar stump in his hand.

"The result of his exertions was that Fort Donelson fell after he sent his message of 'unconditional surrender,' and 'I propose to move immediately upon your works.' With the message was sent all over the country the news that Grant was smoking throughout the battle when he only had carried this stump from Foote's flagship. But the cigars began to come in from all over the Union. He had 11,000 cigars on hand in a very short time. He gave away all he could, but he was so surrounded with cigars that he got to smoking them regularly, but he never smoked as much as he seemed to smoke. He would light a cigar after breakfast and let it go out, and then light it again, and then again let it go out and light it, so that the one cigar would last until luncheon."—From an Interview With Colonel Frederick D. Grant About His Father in McClure's Magazine.

A Gotham Incident.

A scene that attracted a crowd occurred in the Bowery very early one morning. A girl not over 20 years old, many of whose natural beauties of face could be distinguished through her tears, sat on a doorstep of a saloon. She was well dressed. A group stood watching her, and while some of them inquired sympathetically why she seemed so distressed a young miss wearing the customary poke bonnet of the Salvation Army edged her way through the crowd, and catching sight of the wayward girl went up to her. The Salvationist, resting upon one knee on the stone step, threw her right arm over the shoulder of the weeping girl, and taking her by the hand drew her close to her and began talking to her earnestly in a tone too low to be heard by the bystanders. The utmost quiet prevailed, although the crowd soon numbered several hundred. After a little while the girl was noticed to have ceased crying. She brightened up, and the blinding moisture disappeared from her eyes. A smile took the place of the drawn look on her face, and she clung closely to her comforter. She finally arose, embraced the Salvationist warmly, and they both started up toward Third avenue, the arm of the Salvation Army lass intwined around the waist of her apparently reclaimed sister. The crowd silently dispersed.—New York Sun.

English Homes and American.

On entering an Englishman's house the first thing one notices is how well his house is adapted to him. On entering an American's house the first thing one notices is how well he adapts himself to his house. In England the establishment is carried on with a prime view to the comfort of the man. In America the establishment is carried on with a prime view to the comfort of the woman. Men are more selfish than women; consequently the English home is, as a rule, more comfortable than the American home.

An Englishman is continually going home; an American is continually going to business. One is forever planning and scheming to get home, and to stay home, and to enjoy the privileges of home, while the other is more apt to devote his energies to make his business a place to go to and in which to spend himself. These minor details of domestic life put their impress upon larger matters of business and politics.—Price Collier in Forum.

A Fable.

A swallow flew down and plucked a small piece of wool from the back of a sheep. The sheep was very indignant and denounced the swallow in scathing terms.

"Why do you make such a fuss?" asked the swallow. "You never say anything when the shepherd takes all the wool you have on your back."

"That's a different thing entirely," replied the sheep. "If you knew how to take any wool without hurting me as the shepherd does, I would not object so much."

This fable is merely intended to explain why millions can be stolen with impunity, while the theft of a pair of boots or a loaf of bread is punished with such severity.—Texas Siftings.

Quick Transit.

"Did yer ever stop ter think," said Meandering Mike, "'bout this world's turning on its axis once every 24 hours?"

"Course I have," said Plodding Pete. "It's mighty fast travel, so fast that it don't seem wuth while tryin ter improve on it. Er feller that ain't contented ter jes' sit down an slide with the earth at that rate of speed is so doggoned hard ter satisfy that his opinion ain't wuth list'nin to nohow."—Washington Star.

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,

Wilmington, N. C

Are now handling a few additional lines, such as

ICE CREAM FREEZERS,
WATER COOLERS,
COOK STOVES,
RANGES,
Garden Hose,
Lawn Mowers.

They undoubtedly have the finest Cream Freezer and the lowest price Lawn Mowers ever brought to this market.

GOOD GOODS and SQUARE DEALING is their motto with those they sell to as well as those from whom they buy.

14 North Front Street,

Wilmington, N. C.

ap 28 tf

ap 31 1y ap

This Week

AT

JOHNSON & FORE

No. 111 Market St.,

New Lines of

Dress Goods

Elegant and Stylish

The Latest

MILLINERY,

Beautiful Hats,

Just in by express.

Beautiful Flowers,

Colgate's Toilet Soaps And Perfumery.

Our Lining Department includes everything needed by dressmakers.

Imperial Pinned Paper Patterns

Are unequalled.

JOHNSON & FORE,

No. 111 Market Street.

ap 7 tf

A WAR

—ON—

GROCERIES

Just received to-day to be sold low. One car load light wire hoop flour, SILVER MEDAL FLOUR. One car load of that celebrated D. & L., "Gold Medal," patent flour. 17 tubs fancy Elgin Creamery Butter. 25 medium Cream Cheese, low down. 100 boxes Cakes and Crackers, assorted kinds. 36 barrels New Crop Cuba Molasses. 6 barrels Vanilla Syrup. A lot of cheap New Orleans molasses.

We are State Agents for Gold Medal Cider; guaranteed to keep sweet and fresh for ten months, or money refunded. Write for prices.

DOZIER & LEE,

ap 21 tf Wilmington, N. C.

North Carolina, New Hanover County,

SUPERIOR COURT.—John Mair and Hazelton Cranmer, trading as Mair & Cranmer, vs. G. W. Higbee.—The defendant, G. W. Higbee, will take notice that a summons in the above entitled action was issued against said defendant on the 26th day of April, 1895, by the Clerk of the Superior Court of New Hanover County, North Carolina, which is returnable to the next term of the Superior Court of said county on the third Monday after the first Monday in September, 1895, and that a complaint in said action has been duly filed according to law. That the said action is instituted for the recovery of the sum of four hundred dollars due by the defendant to the plaintiffs, with interest from the 5th day of July, 1893, evidenced by the promissory note of the defendant.

The defendant will also take notice that a Warrant of attachment against the property of the said defendant has been issued by the said court.

And said defendant is notified and required to appear and answer or demur to the complaint filed in this cause at the said next term of the Superior Court of New Hanover County, or the relief demanded will be granted

This the 26th day of April, 1895.

JNO. D. TAYLOR,
Clerk Superior Court of New Hanover County,

ap 28 6t su

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice-President. GEO. SLOAN, Cashier.

RESULTS,

IF YOU DEPOSIT IN THE

WILMINGTON SAVINGS & TRUST CO

$ 1	a week for 5 years you will have	$	286
2	" " " " "		572
3	" " " " "		858
4	" " " " "		1,144
5	" " " " "		1,430
10	" " " " "		2,860
15	" " " " "		4,290
1	for ten years		637
2	" " " "		1,274
3	" " " "		1,911
4	" " " "		2,548
5	" " " "		3'185
10	" " " "		6,370
15	" " " "		9,555

Step By Step You go a Long Way.

ap 1' 21

Frank H Stedman, Jas. S. Worth.

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company jan 25 tf

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quantities to suit,

At Your Own Price,

At the STAR Office.

Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and Excellent for Placing Under Carpets.

THE LATEST. THE GREATEST

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Encyclopædia Britannica

Not Condensed
Not Revised,
Not Mutilated.

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ENCYCLOPÆDIA Britannica.

Complete in 25 Volumes

The Encyclopædia Britannica is not only a complete compendium of all knowledge, but it is a dictionary of biography, a record of inventions, a history of discoveries, a calendar of dates, a registry of events, a glossary of technical and scientific terms, a collection of mathematical, chemical, and mechanical formulas, a handbook of law, a medical guide.

Best Atlas in the World.

The most thorough and reliable key to business knowledge, a manual of games, sports and amusements, a theranus of statistics, a history of all countries and people, a storehouse of criticism, a treasury of curious learning, a vade mecum for the household and farm, as for the office and library, a repertory of useful information. If the professional or the business man should undertake to put upon his library shelves the special treaties, which would cover as wide a range of topics as those gathered in the Britannica, relating to his own pursuits, his purchases would extend over scores of volumes, some of them rare and expensive, and many of them not brought down to date.

Of all the works of reference now in the market, the Encyclopædia Britannica is not only the most comprehensive, but by far the cheapest, even at

The STAR will for a short time furnish this great work in Cloth binding at $1.60 per volume; in full sheep at $2.20 per volume, and will deliver the whole set upon payment of $5 cash, giving you long time to pay the balance.

The purchase of any Encyclopedia short of the best is not only bad judgment, but worse economy. The STAR will furnish you this, the greatest literary production of the century, at one-third the former price and on terms so accommodating that none need deny themselves the great advantage of owning this mine of information. Remember that the present is the only time we can call our own. We reserve the privilege of withdrawing this offer at any time. It is made as a favor to the STAR'S readers, and for the purpose of increasing our circulation. You are invited to call and examine the books, or send us your address for further particulars. Out of town subscribers can order by mail, and the books will be sent prepaid.

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Heretofore this work could be obtained only at a great cost—from $125 to $200. It is now, for the first time, placed within reach of the masses. A saying of only 15 cents a day gives you this never-failing fountain of knowledge. Is it not worth such a slight effort to obtain it?

The Star Britannica Department,

9 and 11 Princess Street,

Wilmington, N. C.

Mortgage Sale.

BY Virtue of the provisions of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed made by Thomas H. Johnson and wife Julia H., to the Wilmington Homestead and Loan Association, and duly registered on the records of New Hanover county in Book No. 115, pages 260 to 261, the undersigned will sell to the highest bidder at public auction at the court house door, in the city of Wilmington, for cash, on May 31st, 1895, at 10 o'clock M., the following described property situate in the said city of Wilmington:

Beginning at the southeast intersection of Seventh and Dock streets, runs thence east with the southern line of Dock street 66 feet, thence south parallel with Seventh street 148 feet, thence west parallel with Dock street 66 feet to the eastern line of Seventh street, thence north with said line of Seventh street 148 feet to the beginning.

JOHN D. BELLAMY, Jr.,
F. B. MANNING,
ap 30 20t including may 31 Attys for Mortgagee.

Seasonable Goods.

In store, and arriving daily, a choice selection of seasonable goods. We have on hand

RAISINS of every variety, from 8c to 25c per pound.
CITRON, from 15c to 25c per lb.
CURRENTS, all prices, all grades.
NUTS, all prices, all grades.

We would like to call special attention to our assortment of the above goods.

CHEESE—Switzer, Roquefort, Neufchetel, Framage de Bric, Edam, Pineapple, English Dairy and American Cream. All fresh and of finest quality.

Plum Pudding and Mince Meat.

Cakes and Crakers. A beautiful variety of all kinds, too great an assortment to specify. Will have to be seen to be appreciated.

The above are only a few of our specialties. Our assortment is complete and we invite all to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

With four wagons we can deliver promptly.

THE JOHN L. BOATWRIGHT CO

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Telephone No. 14. dec 9 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT APRIL 27, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.50 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 1.53 p m, Tarboro 2.48 p m, Weldon 3.45 p m, Petersburg 5.05 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.30 p m, Washington 11.15 p m, Baltimore 12.45 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.55 a m, Boston 8.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.10 p m, Wilson 10.07 p m, Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 2.39 a m, Richmond 5.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.30 a m, Philadelphia 10.40 a m, New York 1.32 p m, Boston 5.30 p m.

No 3.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 35—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.34 p m, Florence 7.00 p m, Atkinson 8.09 p m, Sumter 8.36 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.18 a m, Augusta 9.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.13 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 10.00 a m, Tampa 5.30 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.08 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 9.50 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.30 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.13 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.01 p m, Magnolia 4.16 a m.

DAILY 10.00 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.18 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.11 p m, Petersburg 7.54 p m, Norfolk 9.10 p m, Weldon 9.37 p m, Tarboro 8.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.30 p m, arrive Wilson 11.02 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.30 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.30 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.50 A m — No. 36—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 a m, Jacksonville 6.30 p m Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.10 p m, Denmark 4.37 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.04 a m, Florence 8.35 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.46 p m, Halifax 4.00 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning leave Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.00a m, Weldon 11.30 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9.50; am returning leaver Tarboro 4 50 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 30 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9.30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 45 p m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 05 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8 00 a m arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leave Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.20 a m., connecting at Warsaw with mails line trains.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Atkins at 9.40 a m and 6.30 p m, arrive Lucknow 11.10 a m and 8 p. m; returning leave Lucknow 6.45 a m and 4 30 p m; arrive Atkins 8 15 a m and 5.50 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dunbar 7.50 p m, Dillon 9.17 a m. Leave Dillon 6.15 p m, Dunbar 6.30 a m, Latta 6.51 p m, arrive Pee Dee 8.53 pm, daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 6.15 a m, Chadbourn 9.00 a m, arrive Conway at 1.45 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.30 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8.15 a m, 9.00 a m, 9.00 p m, arrive Darlington 8.55 a m, 9.35 a m, 9.35 p m, Hartsville 10.15 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 2.10 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m, 5.35 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 5.31 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.30 a m, Manning 9.15 a m. arrive Sumter 9.44 a m, Daily.

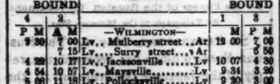
Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 6.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.35 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 3.03 p m, 11.08 p m, arrive Selma 3.38 p m, Smithfield 8.03 p m, Dunn 8.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 12.58 a m, Rowland 6.00 p m, leave Rowland 9.35 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.35 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 a m, Selma 12.32 a m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11 28 p m.

Tasina Ive Pregnall's 8.30 a m, Summerton 9.48 a m, Sumter 10.35 a m, Darlington 11.35 a m, Bennettsville 12.45 p m, arrive Hamlet 1.40 p m Returning leave Hamlet 2.10 p m, Bennettsville 3.00 p m, Darlington 4 58 p m., Sumter 5.11 p m. Summerton 5 58 p m, arrive Pregnall's 7.21 p m.

H. M. EMERSON,
Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. mar 26 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, Jan. 27, 1895.

DAILY—EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND		STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND	
4	2		1	3
P M	A M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	M
9 30	7 00	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	12 00	2 00
	7 15	Lv.. Surry street ..Ar		2 15
4 28	10 27	Lv.. Jacksonville ..Lv	10 07	4 30
4 54	10 57	Lv.. Maysville ..Lv	9 34	3 30
5 28	11 18	Lv.. Pollocksville ..Lv	9 30	3 00
5 45	12 00	Ar.. Newbern ..Lv	8 45	2 00
P M	A M		A M	P M

Trains 1 and 4 make close connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Jacksonville at 7.30 a m; returning leave Marine's 12 m, arriving at Jacksonville 3.00 p m, connecting with trains 4 and 5.

H. A. WHITING,
General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS,
Traffic Manager. jan 29 tf

THE Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Makes Loans to Anybody at Minimum Rates

On Any Good Security.

Unsurpassed facilities in every department of Banking.

Your account solicited.

Capital $125,000 - - - Surplus $30,000

Total Assets $800,000.

J. W. Norwood, President. W. J. Toomer, Cashier.

ap 19 tf

The French Cafe

Is now open and invites patronage. Fancy drinks a specialty. Everything new and clean. Clever attendants to wait upon the patronage. Call and see us.

A. P. LEVY, Manager.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT FEB. 17, 1895.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY	MAIN LINE	NORTH BOUND DAILY
No. 1.		No. 2.
7 55 p m	Ar.. Wilmington ..Lve	7 35 a m
4 46 "	Lv.. Fayetteville ..Ar	10 35 "
4 33 "	Ar Fayetteville ..Lv	10 55 "
4 20 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	10 58 "
3 17 "	Lv.... Sanford ..... At	12 18 "
1 32 "	Lv..... Climax..... Lv	2 20 p m
1 04 "	Lv.... Greensboro.... Ar	2 50 "
12 35 "	Ar.... Greensboro.... Lv	3 00 "
12 12 "	Lv.... Stokesdale.... Ar	3 55 "
11 46 a m	Lv.... Walnut Cove.... Ar	4 25 "
11 35 "	Ar.... Walnut Cove.... Lv	4 33 "
11 06 "	Lv.... Rural Hall.... Lv	5 01 "
9 45 "	Lv.... Mt Airy..... Ar	6 25 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY	Bennetsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY
No 3		No. 4.
7 00 p m	Ar.. Bennettsville.. Lv	7 00 a. m.
5 10 "	Lv..... Mastos..... Lv	8 07 "
5 40 "	Lv.. Red Springs.. Lv	8 46 "
6 00 "	Lv.... Hope Mills.... Lv	9 41 "
6 35 "	Lv.... Fayetteville.... Ar	10 06 "

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday	Factory and all disc. Branches	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday.
No. 15. MIXED.		No. 16. MIXED.
5 40 p m	At..... Bennett Lv	5 50 a m
4 00 "	Lv..... Climax Lv	8 35 "
3 05 "	Lv... Greensboro.... Ar	9 30 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 14. MIXED. daily ex sn
Leave Greensboro	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	10 55 "
Arrive Madison	11 15 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. MIXED. daily ex sn
Leave Madison	12 25 p m
Leave Stokesdale	12 57 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 35 "

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS.

Train Nos. 2 and 4 make close connection at Fayetteville Junction with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East. Train No. 2 connects at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, North and Southbound, and at Greensboro with the Richmond & Danville Railroad, North and South-bound, and at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston-Salem. Train No. 16 connects at Mad

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, MAY 5, 1895

AGREEMENT REACHED

Between Great Britain and Nicaragua.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 5.—A special cable dispatch to the *Herald*, from Corinto, Nicaragua, under yesterday's date, says: Great Britain has accepted the proposal made by Nicaragua through Minister Fiallos, who came from Honduras to negotiate on Nicaragua's behalf with Rear Admiral Stephenson. The terms of the agreement are in substance that Nicaragua is to pay the money in London within two weeks after the British occupation of Corinto has been terminated. The English have also offered to fire a salute of 21 guns to the Nicaraguan flag on leaving port.

The British forces are to be withdrawn at sunset this evening, and the Nicaraguan authorities will re-enter into possession of the port to-night.

The English are engaged in making preparations to bring their occupation of Corinto to a close.

The Satellite returned from Paso Caballos, and leaves this evening for Panama. The Royal Arthur will probably sail to-morrow. It is expected that all the arrangements will be concluded to-night.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Situation in Cotton—The Total Visible Supply.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 4.—The *Sun* says: Cotton fell six to eight points, and closed barely steady, with sales of 56,400 bales Liverpool advanced two to two and a half points, with sales on the spot of 8 000 bales, at firm and unchanged prices. New Orleans declined five to seven points. The New Orleans receipts on Monday are estimated at 3,000 to 3,500 bales, against 2,896 last Monday, and 1,731 last year. The Southern spot markets were generally quiet and unchanged. Augusta advanced ¼. Spot cotton here was easy and unchanged, with sales of 57 for spinning and 1,192 for export. The port receipts were 6,553, against 9,447 last Saturday and 4,856 last year. The sales at Fall River for the week are 182,000 pieces of print cloths; stock 7,000; production 220,000 deliveries 241,000; market to-day nominal at 2 13-16c.

The *Chronicle* states that Northern spinners have taken thus far this season 1,948,588 bales against 1,368,829 thus far last season.

The New York warehouse stock is now 207,000 bales, against 230,000; 228,000; 278,000; 132,000 and 116,000 in previous five years.

To-day's features: A little long liquidation in a narrow market caused a decline to-day, in spite of the fact that Liverpool was higher, that more rain is needed in Texas, that the crop is late in many sections of the South, and that the dry goods situation is very promising. The undertone is considered by many to be bullish, but almost everybody is awaiting new developments before going ahead on any large scale on either side of the market. The dispute between Russia and Japan seems not to have been settled, and this is undoubtedly a disturbing feature at the present time, and would account for the diminished spot transactions in Liverpool. Yet there are many advocates of better prices here and at the South who have not lost hope by any means, but who on the contrary, look for much better prices in the not very distant future. The market to day represented small local liquidation without special significance.

NEW YORK, May 27.—The total visible supply of cotton for the world is 4,079 626 bales, of which 3,720,426 bales are American, against 3,743,876 bales and 3,125,676 bales respectively last year. Receipts of cotton this week at all interior towns 24,948 bales. Receipts from the plantations 36,274 bales. Crop in sight 9 423,091 bales.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

July Wheat Closed Lower—Corn a Shade Higher—Pork Products Weak and Lower.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, May 4.—The pit bought wheat yesterday expecting a bulge to-day, and on the strength which ruled for a few moments at the opening this morning they enlarged their holdings, but before the close it all went overboard, regardless of profit and loss. The hope of a boom came from the continuation of the dry weather, the higher Liverpool quotations adding to the confidence, but the Government predictions were for showers almost everywhere, so that one of the bull props was destroyed. The hot weather was a detriment to business generally, the half of the session presenting no particular feature or incident. July wheat opened from 65 to 65⅜c, sold between 65¼ and 64c, closing at 64 to 64¼c. ½ to ⅝c lower than yesterday. Cash wheat sold at steady prices.

May corn has been steadily growing in favor for some time past. The receipts are not what they should be at this time of the year and large amounts have been going out of store. Prices opened higher this morning than they closed yesterday. The Liverpool cables were higher contributing in part to the encouragement as did also the opening strength in wheat. When that grain fell away under the pressure of offerings, there were sympathetic yielding by corn, but all the time there was a firm undertone to the latter. July corn opened at 49⅞c, sold between 50¼ and 49⅝c, closing at 49¾c, a shade higher than yesterday. Cash corn was in good demand and firm.

July oats closed ½c lower than yesterday. Cash oats met with ready sale, and were steady to firm.

Provisions—As in wheat, the longs sold off product quite freely to-day. The hog market was extremely weak, first quotations recording a decline of 10c and last ones 15c per hundred pounds. It was a weak market from start to finish, provisions, no support being accorded prices, and the close being 25c lower than yesterday for July pork, 10c lower for July lard and 12½@15c lower for July ribs.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 4.—Spirits turpentine dull but steady at 30@30½c. Rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 52½@1 55.

CHARLESTON, May 4—Spirits turpentine firm at 27c; receipts 30 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 10; receipts 378 barrels.

SAVANNAH, May 4.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27c for regulars; sales of 700 casks; receipts 738 casks; exports 6,602 casks; stock 5,676 casks. Rosin firm; sales 2,500 barrels; receipts 2,275 barrels; stock 61,571 barrels against 101,010 barrels last year; following are quotations: A, B, C $1 00@1 15, D $1 10, E $1 20, F $1 40, G $1 55, H $1 80, I $1 90, K $2 10, M $2 45, N $2 50, window glass $2 60, water white $2 75.

The Modern Way

Commends itself to the well-informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs.

CLEVELAND CRITICISED

BY ILLINOIS DEMOCRATS IN CONVENTION ASSEMBLED

For Not Carrying Out Promises on Which He Was Made President in Regard to the Finances.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, May 4.—Delegates to the Cook county Democratic Convention, called for the purpose of selecting 353 delegates to the Springfield monetary convention, June 5th, were slow in assembling this morning. Out of the 729 chosen, not more than a little over half that number were present when the meeting was called to order by Francis S. Peabody, chairman of the county central committee. Judge Samuel P. McConnell was chosen temporary chairman. In his speech of acceptance Judge McConnell severely criticised President Cleveland for not carrying out the promises on which he was made President in regard to the finances.

"Mr. Cleveland," said Judge McConnell, "has repudiated his party. To-day we repudiate him. We stand here to-day pledged to the cause of silver. The policy of Grover Cleveland is not the policy of the Democratic party."

Every utterance against Mr. Cleveland was met with cheers. The temporary organization was made permanent. Congressman W. J. Bryan, of Nebraska, then addressed the Convention. He received an enthusiastic reception as he stepped on the platform. Mr. Bryan said he came to bring greetings from the Democrats of Nebraska, who were the first to raise the standard of 16 to 1.

"There is no such thing as an honest dollar," said Mr. Bryan. "There is no stable standard of value. The best we can do is to find a metal which will come as near to this as possible. The reason I call a gold dollar a dishonest dollar, and the organization that advocates such, a dishonest league, is because a gold dollar, if there were no other, would constantly increase in value, making the debtor poorer and the creditor richer all the time. Even if we desired a single gold standard there is not enough gold in the world to make all the money. When Mr. Cleveland writes a letter on sound money the Almighty Himself could not tell what he means by it. There is only one man in this country who has had an equal opportunity with Andrew Jackson. the ideal of the Democracy. That man is Grover Cleveland. Instead of standing up for the common people as Jackson did, Grover Cleveland has chosen to represent the plutocracy of this country. Mr. Ryan thought the plank adopted by Illinois on the financial question would be the one adopted by the Democracy in 1896.

The platform declaring in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at 16 to 1 and against an inter national agreement was then adopted with but few votes recorded against it. The convention selected its delegates and adjourned.

THE MONEY MARKET.

Weekly Statement of Associated Banks—The Best Made in Months.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, May 4.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes: Reserve increase, $1,963,900; loans decrease, $4,407,800 specie increase, $1,594,800; legal tenders; increase, $3,038,000; deposits increase, $10,897,800; circulation decrease, $1,900. The banks now hold $27,383,575 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent. rule.

The *Financier* says: The statement is the best that has been made by the banks in months, especially since the large increase in loans is thought to represent legitimate business transactions rather than the movements of the bond syndicate, which, until within a very few weeks have made the weekly report of the Clearing House banks more or less of a mystery. In fact, the expansion in loans should have been reflected in the statement two weeks ago, as the *Financier* mentioned at that time. The increase in the loan item, even though delayed, is none the less an indication of the demand from mercantile resources, although stock exchanges transactions have aided in swelling the account.

The net gain in the cash report by the banks during the week was $4,563,800. The interior movement brought a large amount of money to New York and this together with the heavy Treasury payments and May settlements, accounts for the unusually large increase of ten million dollars in deposits. A conservative estimate makes the gain during the week to the banks not less than $5,000,000. It has been a long time since such a large increase has been disposed of so rapidly in loans, but the market for mony has been remarkably easy, and the supply of funds, as the reserve total shows, has suffered no diminution. It is interesting to note that the increase in loans reported for the week ending May 5th, 1894, was $4,259,800, almost identical with the current weeks gain, but the conditions of business were then far different. Gold was going abroad at the rate of $5,000,000 a week, and the banks held an excess reserve over eight million dollars.

An expansion in trade always occurs during the Spring months, but it begins to look, judging from the last bank statement, as though depression in business was giving way to a much brighter condition of affairs.

JAPAN'S REPLY

To the Protest of the Russian Government.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 4.—The Russian Foreign office has received the reply of the Japanese Government to the protest made by Russia against the occupation of the Liae Tung Peninsula, which would prevent Russia securing an open port for the terminus of its Trans-Siberian Railroad. The reply, while friendly in tone, is firm and indicates no intention on the part of Japan to abandon any of the concessions made by China. It is indicated that Russia's wishes in this matter can be submitted as a matter of subsequent treaty negotiations between Russia and Japan directly.

BASE BALL.

The Record of Games Played Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Brooklyn—Baltimore 11, Brooklyn 0.
Philadelphia—New York 9. Philadelphia 10.

Boston—Washington 2, Boston 5.
Pittsburg—Cincinnati 2, Pittsburg 1.
Cleveland—St. Louis 5, Cleveland 6.
Chicago—Louisville 4, Chicago 7.
LEXINGTON, Va., May 4.—The St. John's College nine, of Annapolis, scored a second victory here this afternoon by defeating the Cadet nine of the Virginia Military Institute by a score of 14 to 4.
Richmond—Richmond 14, Roanoke 13.
NEW ORLEANS—New Orleans 21, Memphis 6.
Portsmouth—First game—Portsmouth 3, Lynchburg 4. Second game—Portsmouth 2, Lynchburg 8.
Petersburg—Petersburg 5, Norfolk 7.
Nashville—Nashville 11, Chattanooga 5
Montgomery—Montgomery 13, Little rock 7.

The income tax returns for the district including Richmond, Petersburg, and Norfolk, Va., amounts to a little over $55.000.

Chesnutt & Barentine, believing leather would advance, bought several cases of shoes for their wholesale and retail trade and can now offer big bargains.

COAL FIELD TROUBLES.

MILITIA EN ROUTE TO DISTURBED DISTRICTS IN WEST VIRGINIA.

The Federal Court Orders Strikers Not to Interfere With Trains of the Norfolk & Western Railroad—All Quiet Last Night.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., May 4.—The injunction papers issued yesterday in the Federal Court, restraing all striking coal miners and others from interfering with the property or trains on the Norfolk & Western Railroad was given to Marshal Garden this afternoon, and he sent out a force of deputies to-night to post notices along the railroad in the striking region. If there is a disposition shown on the part of the strikers to molest mail trains or interfere with the inter-State traffic, a large number of United States deputy marshals will be stationed along the line.

HUNTINGTON, W. VA., May 4.—All is quiet to-night along the Norfolk & Western railroad among the miners of this State. Many of them gathered to-day and discussed the situation. They met some of the operators but no agreement was reached. There are many miners leaving the region, and over one hundred of them passed through this city, eastbound, to-night, to look for work elsewhere. Governor McCorkle and Colonel Hodges, commander of the Second Regiment, held a consultation to-day and agreed to have the militia ready to proceed to the scene of trouble should any arise.

ROANOKE, Va., May 4th—The Richmond Howitzers, two detatchments with two Gatlin guns, the Monticello Guards of Charlotesville and the Lynchburg Home Guards, en route to Graham, were joined here by the Roan ke Light Infantry and the Roanok e O Machine Works Guards and further west by the Jeff Davis Rifles of Salem and the military company at Radford. All the soldiers were supplied with three days rations.

Norfolk & Western officia's regard Sunday as the critical day, and it is believed that the hurrying of troops to Graham is to prevent trouble at Pocahontas to-morrow, when the striking miners propose to hold a mass meeting.

Notices of Judge Jackson's injunction have been prepared by the Norfolk & Western receivers for posting in the Flat Top coal regions, warning all parties from interfering with the property or transportion of the Norfolk & Western Railroad, which is now under the jurisdiction of the U. S. Court.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Nicaragua Canal Commission—Secretary Herbert Decides to Build Six Light-Draft Gun-Boats—Contract Signed for Three Torpedo Boats.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—The engineer commission to examine the Nicaragua Canal route has completed its inspection of the company's plans and contracts in New York, and will leave that city to-morrow by train directly for Mobile, where they will embark on the cruiser Montgomery and sail for Graytown next Wednesday. It is expected that the Montgomery will land the commission at its destination May 13th, and that at least two months will be consumed in examining the one hundred and seventy miles route of the projected water-way. The commission, however, goes prepared for a three months' stay and is in little hopes of returning to the United States before the middle of August.

Secretary Herbert this morning decided to build two varieties of light draft composite gun-boats authorized by the 1st Congress, four to be of the class of large sail power and single screws, as recommended by Chief Constructor Hichborn and Commodore Chadwick, and two of the other class, with sail and twin screws, as recommended by Engineer-in-Chief Melville and a majority of the Contruction Board. Six of these boats were authorized, not more than two of which are to be built by any one ship-yard.

The contract for three sea-going torpedo boats was signed by Secretary Herbert and President Maester, of the Columbian Iron Works of Baltimore, today. The vessels are to be completed and delivered to the Government within fifteen months.

The Department of State to-day received a cable message from Mr. Terrell, the U. S. Minister at Constantinople, stating that the Sultan of Turkey had issued an irade or decree in favor of Anatolia College, at Marsevan, granting certain privileges and practically placing the College under the protection of the Porte. Anatolia College is a Christian educational institute, under American auspicies, and the recent outbreak against Christians in Armenia was primarily directed against its students and graduates.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Judge Goff Grants Applications of Receiver of the Richmond & Danville R. R. Co.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, May 4.—Three applications were presented to Judge Goff to-day for orders by Samuel Spencer as sole continuing receiver of the Richmond & Danville Railway Co., through Leslie Ryan, his counsel:

1. Asking the Court to approve the receiver's surrender of the Asheville & Spartanburg Railroad and the Spartanburg, Union & Columbia Railroad to their respective corporations as of January 1, 1896, and to approve the Southern Railway Company for the operation of said roads.

2. Asking leave to transfer to the Southern Railway Co. and the Virginia Midland Railway Co. certain stock which belong to said companies.

3. Praying leave to sell certain claims against the Asheville & Spartanburg and the Spartanburg, Union & Columbia R. R. to C. H. Coster, chairman of the reorganization committee, for the sum of $6,000.

Judge Goff, after carefully examining the papers, granted an order in each application in accordance with the prayer of the petition.

NEW YORK, May 4.—The Southern Railway bonds and preferred stock given in exchange for Cincicinnati extension bonds held by the Greenough syndicate have been distributed. The exchange was made on the basis of $300 in Southern Railway fives, and $775 in Southern Railway preferred stock for each $1,000 Cincinnati extension bond, with past due coupons attached.

DR. BUCHANNON.

Will be Electrocuted Next Wednesday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SING SING, N. Y. May 4th—Warden Sage to-day for the third time sent out invitations to those whom he has selected to witness the electrocution of Dr. Buchannon on Wednesday next. The warden also sent an official notice to State Electrician Davis requesting him to be on hand at that time to take charge of the electric machinery.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A BIG LEGAL FIGHT

To Take Place in the U. S. Court at Columbia, S. C., Monday, Over the Dispensary Injunction Case—Argument Concluded in the Registration Law Case.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 4.—The third and last day of the argument of the cases before Judge Goff, in the U. S. Circuit Court, involving the constitutionality of the registration law of 1889, and the constitutional act passed at the last session of the Legislature, was productive of pyrotechnics. It was a lively day, brim full of lively passages at arms. It was a day in which the political arraignments were in order and in which the father of the 1889 act, General Edward McCrady, sided up to the cradle and defended his child, giving the history of its birth, and endeavoring to protect it from the threatened insertion of Goff's gaff into its side.

Dr. Pope was intensely dramatic, particularly when he made his attack on Gov. Evans, and the other parties to the recent conference of "conspirators." The Doctor was pretty forcible, too, in his remarks to Gen. McCrady.

All the arguments have now been closed; Dr. Pope's being the corker—to use an up-to-date and purely American word.

Judge Goff, at the conclusion of the long hearing, stated that he would render his decision either Monday morning or Tuesday, certainly not later than Tuesday.

General McCrady attacked Dr. Pope during the afternoon, and the Doctor told him he had gone far enough.

Judge Goff had to interfere to preserve order.

The next thing in order is the vitally important Dispensary injunction case. It will come up for a full hearing Monday morning at 10 o'clock and it is likely the Court room will be jammed during the hearing. It has been arranged that the case pending before Judge Simonton and the case before Judge Goff shall be heard together, both Judges occupying the bench. It will be one of the biggest legal fights in the history of the State and the proceedings will interest the people of the entire country.

A WICKED PARTNER

Absconded With $32,000 of the Firm's Money.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, May 4.—A. N. Selter, cotton merchant, trading as A. N. Selter & Co., his partner up to yesterday being John Boyle, of Frooklyn, who absconded on Thursday night, taking with him about $32,000 of his partner's money, said to-day that Boyle has bought twenty-five $1,000 four per cent bonds, new issue, coupon due 1925, numbers 6438 to 6460 impulsive, with the funds stolen, Mr. Selter said that no steps would be spared to secure the arrest of Boyle, and he believed that he would be soon in custody. All the contracts made by Boyle in behalf of the firm had been found correct; as far as heard from Boyle's robbery seemed to have been a very sudden and remarkable one. He simply withdrew $32,000 from the firm's two bank accounts on Thursday, purchasing twenty-five $1,000 United States coupon bonds with the money, paying at the rate of 120 for them. Then with the balance of the money he quietly absconded. So far as has been learned he did not speculate, and had never improperly taken any money before.

WASHINGTON ARCH

Dedicated in New York City With Imposing Ceremonies.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 4.—With bright sunshine and blue skies, with a grand parade of citizens, soldiers, with teeming crowds, and in the presence of a distinguished company, the Washington Arch was dedicated this afternoon. It was a gala day in the city. The Stars and Stripes floated from all the public buildings, and from thousands of private residences. The avenue was lined with spectators, who cheered the militia enthusiastically as they escorted Governor Morton to the arch. When the Governor took his seat in the grand stand the ceremonies began. Bishop Potter opened the exercises with an impressive invocation. Then Gen. Horace Porter deliveren an oration in his usual masterly manner.

At its conclusion, Henry G. Marquand, chairman of the committee made a brief speech, in the course of which he dwelt upon the importance of the work from an educational as well as a patriotic standpoint, and added that the centemplation of this arch will lead many to study the character of Washington, who lives so profoundly in our memory.

Mr. William R. Stewart, treasurer of the committee on erection, then presented Mayor Strong with the key of the monument, who in turn delivered a short address, and presented the key to President King, of the Park Department. This brought the exercises to a close.

VIOLENT WIND-STORM.

Five Persons Killed and Several Others Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. CHARLES, ILL., May 4.—A windstorm this afternoon blew down one of the walls of the Lungreen and Wilson buildings, which was gutted by fire a month ago. The wall fell on the Osgood building, a stone structure, totally demolishing it, and killing at least five persons. The following is a list of the dead: Miss Teddie Anderson, dress-maker; Mrs. Hattie E. Church, milliner; Joe Thompson, Luke Causton, Charles J. Hinson. The injured are Mrs. Church's 10-year-old son; Miss Jordan, sister of Mrs. Church (seriously); a man from Geneva, name unknown.

The two men killed were in the Osgood building when the wall fell. The men were standing close to the wall of the Osgood building to escape the fury of the wind, and were crushed to death by the falling debris. It is believed that the body of one more man is under the ruins.

GEOGRAPHIC SOCIETY.

Annual Meeting in Fredericksburg—Two Hundred and Fifty Members Present.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FREDERICKSBURG, VA., May 4.—Two hundred and fifty members of the National Geographic Society held their annual meeting to-day in the Opera House in this city. Hundreds of citizens of Fredericksburg were present. Addresses were made by Gardiner G. Hubbard, President; Major Jed. Hotchkiss, Mayor Rowe, Rev. R. R. Howinsen, Prof. W. J. McGhee, and Mr. W. Seymour White, after which the Society adjourned and spent the day in visiting the points of interest in and about Fredericksburg.

RUSSIA AND JAPAN.

War Will Result if Japan Insists on Maintaining the Treaty With China.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 4.—A special cable dispatch to the *Herald* from Berlin says:

Declarations have been received here from the Russian Government of its intention to declare hostilities if Japan insists in maintaining the treaty of Shomonoseki.

A FEARFUL STORM.

Six School Houses Blown to Atoms—Three Teachers and Many Children Killed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., May 4.—This morning shows the damage to property to be much larger here than first reported. Besides the damage to the carriage works, chain mortising works and oatmeal mill, half a dozen houses were carried away and wrecked. One house was carried over the tops of a tree, across the Sioux river, and set down without the stoves being upset. Trees fourteen inches in diameter were twisted off or torn up by the roots. Five persons were more or less seriously hurt in this city. Several other persons were cut and bruised by flying timbers. No fatalities are reported in this section. The damage to property will reach near $100,000. The cyclone prostrated the telegraph wires to such an extent that it is impossible to learn anything from the desolated district. None of the rescue parties have yet returned.

SIOUX CITY, IOWA, May 4.—Yesterday's storm in this region originated one mile northwest of Ireton and travelled a distance of thirty-five miles. It was about a mile wide and swept everything in its path, which was about five miles northwest of Maurice, three miles northwest of Sioux Center and four miles northeast of Hull. Six school houses were blown to atoms and three teachers killed and many school children killed, injured and missing. Twenty-seven farm-houses were demolished and hundreds of domestic animals killed. The storm jumped about forty miles north to Sibley, but the damage in that vicinity is light. The effects of the storm will not be lasting, as the crops this season are not sufficiently advanced to be harmed appreciably.

At Sioux Centre all the business houses were closed between 2 and 5 o'clock this afternoon. Five funerals took place during that time and many will be held to-morrow. This afternoon Mayor Roby, of Sioux Centre, telegraphed to Sioux City for assistance, stating that money, food and household supplies are needed. It is estimated that $10,000 will be required to properly care for them. Fully one hundred families in the neighborhood of Sioux Center are destitute and homeless. A mass meeting was called by the Mayor this evening and nearly $5,000 in cash raised a quantity of food and supplies were also donated and a special train will be sent out to-morrow.

OHIO MINERS.

Unable to Come to an Agreement With Operators.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBUS, May 4.—At 1.45 p. m., after having been in continuous session since 9 a. m., the joint convention of miners and operators adjourned to 7.30 p. m., being unable to agree on a wage scale. The operators raised their offer to 51 cents for pick mining and the miners come down to 60, but in the discussion it came out that the Hocking Valley operators had not agreed to the 51 cent rate and that the miners would not come down a cent below the 60 cent rate offered.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, May 4.—The joint meeting of the Ohio coal miners and operators adjourned *sine die* to-night, without agreeing on a wage scale for the current year. The present general suspension of work on the part of the Ohio miners, will, of course, be continued as a strike.

WARM WIRELETS.

At Minneapolis, Minn., Claus Blixt, who is awaiting trial for the murder of Catherine Ging, pleaded guilty, and was then sentenced to imprisonment for life.

Justice Pollock has agreed to release Oscar Wilde upon bonds of £5,000, of which £1,250 each shall be furnished by two sureties and £2,500 by Wilde himself.

The operatives in the various Olneyville, R. I., mills are going out in squads and help is getting scarce. The spinners and twisters at the Riverside mill went out yesterday.

Fulton Gordon, who killed his wife and Archie D. Brown, son of the Governor of Kentuckey, was unable to attend court yesterday. The trial has been postponed until Tuesday, May 7th.

RICHMOND, VA., May 4.—A Charlottesville specal to the *Dispatch* says: The strong Georgetown College team was defeated here this afternoon by the University of Virginia by a score of 5 to 3.

President Montgomery of the Spartan mills, Spartanburg, S. C., acting with the advice of directors, has concluded to duplicate the present mill. Work on the new mill will begin before the first of June.

The French Government is informed that the French forces in Madagascar have taken the town of Marrewar, after a desperate fight in which the French troops conducted themselves with great brilliancy.

The steamer which carried a cargo of negroes to Liberia March 19th, has been chartered to carry another crowd from Savannah, Ga. The colony, consisting of 333 negroes, is to start about the 20th of May from Savannah for Monrovia.

Three men who attempted to hold up a Chicago & Alton train Wednesday night, and who murdered Engineer Holmes, were captured at Hernsley, Ill. One of the men bears the mark of the pick on his forehead, where Holmes struck him in the fight.

John W. Dyer, auctioneer at Shelburne's tobacco warehouse, Richmond, Virginia, committed suicide yesterday. Dyer was forty years old, and came from High Point, N. C., where his wife is now visiting her mother. There is no cause known for the suicide.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

OPEN ALL DAY.

Bunting's PHARMACY,

Y M. C. A. BUILDING,

Will be Open All Day.

This Sunday.

ay 5 tf

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Ducks, geese, chickens, eggs—fresh lot just received. I have a small lot of country butter that I will sell at 15c. a pound Also groceries of all kinds, at the lowest prices. I am agent for Cutter Tobacco, the best on the market. Meell McKinnon, No. 3 South Water street. c31

Catchlest 50c canvassers' specialty eve. shown. Reversible Automatic Hair Curler Co., Chicago. ap 7 6t su

Salesman wanted —To sell the Rapid Dish Washer to the wholesale and retail trade. Washes and dries the dishes in two minutes without wetting the fingers. $75 a week and all expenses. Easy position; no hard work; can make $190 a week. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. april 30 6t

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store, 211 Market street. c31 1

New Photographs—Your special attention is called to my new display of Photographs. Look at them. It will do you good. Have some made like them; they will be a source of joy to you forevermore. Fine photographs at $1 per dozen. U. C. ELLIS, 114 Market street. c31

A chance to make money.—I made $534.00 the last six weeks selling Dish Washers, and was sick part of the time. I don't see why others do not go into the Dish Washer Business. No canvassing. Sold all my Washers at home. Perfect satisfaction. Every one sold sells another. Every family wants one. I will make $3,000 this year easy. I can wash and dry our dishes in two minutes. Any one can make $5 to $12 a day. For circulars write to Iron City Dish Washer Co., S. Highland avenue, E. E. Pittsburg, Pa. mch 19 6m

Palmetto Brewing Co., of Charleston, S. C. Export, Rice and Lager Beer. Branch office No. 402 Nutt street; deliveries promptly made anywhere in city. F. Richter, Manager. c31

Hayden, F. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. c31

Spiritine Chemical Co., L. Hansen manager. Wood distillers and refiners; Mfrs of Spiritine Oil for wood and iron preservation; Spiritine Paint, Tar Oil, distilled Tar and the 3 Spiritine remedies. c31

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

We Are Merchants

UP TO DATE.

WE DO BUSINESS ON THE STRAIGHT line. We have no specialities; all goods marked in plain figures; everything cheap. I want to tell you this morning about our Millinery. We have received three big shipments this week of New Hats, Ribbons and Flowers. One line of white and colored Wild Flowers, six in a bunch, stand up high, very pretty, at 15c a bunch, worth 25c. Another special value is Flowers, beautiful rich Flowers, half open buds, eight in a bunch, 25c; some very fine bunches at $1.25 a bunch; we have everything your heart may desire from the cheapest to the best. A big job of fine Ribbon; White Shefon and Gross Grain Silk Ribbon, the very newest goods on the market at 45c per yard, 5 inches wide; others ask 85c for same goods; in black, all silk, No. 12 at 5c per yard; in Gross Grain, No. 22 10c; No. 40 at 20c per yard.

Fine Hats Received.

A big lot of fine Hats received in Sailors. We have a job at 9c, very pretty rough Straw goods. A lot of Leghorns in White and Black at 25c each; in the high crown new style Leghorns at 65c, 85c, $1.00 and $1.35 each. A big job of Buckles, Pins or ornaments of all kinds from 1c up to 25c. This is the cheapest lot of goods you ever saw. In Trimmed Hats and all styles from the cheapest to the best. We keep them trimmed ahead for our customers, they sell from 50c up to $4.00 each. When we sell the Hat and Trimming we trim the Hat free of cost. We will trim your old hat over for you for 25c, or make you a nice Lace Hat for 50c and sell you the frame for 25c. The Millinery business is only one branch of our business, but it is a very good one. It gives employment to seven young ladies. You will find this fine display of Millinery Goods on the second floor of our Store in a hall or store room 60x90 square feet completely filled with New Goods all nicely arranged. Come to us for bargains. You will be sure to find them at the one price Racket Store on Front street, opposite the Market House.

BRADDY & GAYLORD, Prop.

Mail orders promptly attended to and satisfaction guaranteed or money promptly refunded. my 5 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS.

Summer Underwear.

Ladies' Ribbed Vests 5c and upwards.
Ladies' Bleached Vests 10c.
Ladies' high neck long Sleeves 23c.
Ladies' Lisle Thread 40c.
Men's Balbriggan Underwear 25c.
Men's Balbriggan Colored 75c a Suit.
$1.00 grade for 75c.

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS.

Laundered Negligee 43c.
Laundered, separate Collars and Cuffs, 65c.
$1.50 grades latest styles 98c. Styles and qualities are unequalled.

STRAW HATS.

Boys' and Children's 10c and upwards.
Yacht Hats 25c.
Negligee and quaint styles 48c.
$1.50 Hats, latest styles, 98c
Children's Sailor Hats 30c, 35c and 50c.
Ladies' Sailor Hats 10c and upwards.

TAN SHOES AND SLIPPERS.

Men's and Boys' Tan Shoes $1.25.
$2.50 grade for $1.75.
$5.00 grade Hand-sewed $3.50.
Fall stock all styles Low Shoes.
Ladies' Fat, Tip Oxfords 46c.
Tan Slippers in all styles.
Patent Leather Slippers 98c and up.
Beautiful line latest styles $2 00, $1 35 and $1.75.
Now is the time to visit.

J. H. REHDER & CO.

Car fare paid on all purchases of $2.00 and over

Phone 138 my 5 tf

For Rent.

The Hewlett place, at Ocean View. Nine rooms and a bar or sample rooms. House and bar rented separately, if desired.

may 2 tf Bpply to D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate agent.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MAKE US A VISIT.

We gladly invite all citizens for an hour's stroll over the house. Not only are they welcome without being buyers, but so also are their friends. All sight-seeing and information is freely at their service. Here you will find honest merchandise at honest prices. Our ever increasing sales show the appreciation with which you greet our methods of doing business.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

CASH HOUSE,

116 Market st., Wilmington, N. C.

Wash Fabrics.

There is no limit of newness among the Wash goods. Thought and care that you get best always and nearest to your wants. In a stock the size of this there's hardly a chance in hundred of having missed your choice.

Plisse—A new wash fabric as fine as silk and as beautiful, for waists and dresses, regular price 25c, our price 15c a yard.

The Percales—May be 500 styles, all this season's productions and 36 inches wide. In great demand for waists. Best come here for them. Most stores ask more. Our price 12½ cents.

Zephyr Ginghams — Lovely line. Most stores sell them for 15 to 25c, our price this week 8c a yard.

Teazle Down and English Flannelette—The 12½c kinds for 8½c; the best apron Ginghams this week 4½c.

White goods—Nainsook and Lawn in checks and stripes, good value for 15c, our price most always half, 9c.

At 10c—27 inch India Linen, Victoria Lawn, check Nainsook worth 18 cents.

At 15 cents—Victoria Lawns and Check Dimity, India Linen worth 25c

At 19c.—32 inch Dotted Swiss.

The Linings—Best Percaline, fast black and colors, 12½c. Imperial Silesia, 15c quality 10c. Crinoline 10c a yard. Fibre Chamois makes a good interlining, 35 cents.

Colored Dress Goods.

All wool French Printed Challies in light and dark grounds, all new designs and Colorings, worth 45c, at 25 cents.

Remnants of fine wool dress Goods on our centre bargain tables, more than 500 lengths, 3 to 10 yds, goods worth 25c per yard and upward, less than half price.

40-inch silk and wool novelty Cheviots in new two-toned colorings of tan, gray, mode, brown, &c., worth $1.25, at 75c.

46 inch all wool English Storm serges in new and handsome shades of navy and dark blue, imported to sell at 85c, at 59c.

Imported all wool French crepons in the new dimple weave, particularly good value and worth 98c, at 69c.

42 inch French Venetian Crepons, excellent value at $1.25, at 75c.

Silk mixed fine quality French crepons, worth $1.75, at $1.19.

54 inch navy blue storm Cheviots for traveling and general wear, good value for 98c, at 75c.

Fine silk and wool imported French Novelties—We have purchased from a prominent importer the balance of many lines of High class Novelty Dress Fabrics at an enormous reduction; we will offer these goods that would be more than cheap for double the price per pattern, $5.98.

Black Dress Goods.

French Crepons, in deep crinkle, sold this season for 98c, at 49c.

40 inch French Henrietta, in heavy and rich quality, sold this season for 75c, at 49c.

46 inch German Henrietta, in silk finish, sold this season for $1, at 62c.

46 inch storm serge, in excellent grade hard twisted and firmly woven thread, worth 69c. at 59c.

54 inch imported Heavy French Serge, smooth finish of rich quality, worth $1.25, at 80 cents.

40 inch Jacquards, select designs, in mohair and wool, 59c.

85c Black Habitai Silk, 27 inches wide, this week only 49c.

$1.25 black Armure Silk will be offered this week at 89c.

$1 all Silk Rustle Black Taffeta Silk at only 75c.

Remnants of black brocaded India and Satines, worth $1.25, only 60c, 4 to 10 yds in length.

Note—1000 Ladies' Shirt Waists on sale this week at 50c to $1.50.

1000 pieces of finely made Muslin Underwear at 33 per cent below the value.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

116 Market Street,

may 5 tf WILMINGTON,